Data inequity and typhoid conjugate vaccines

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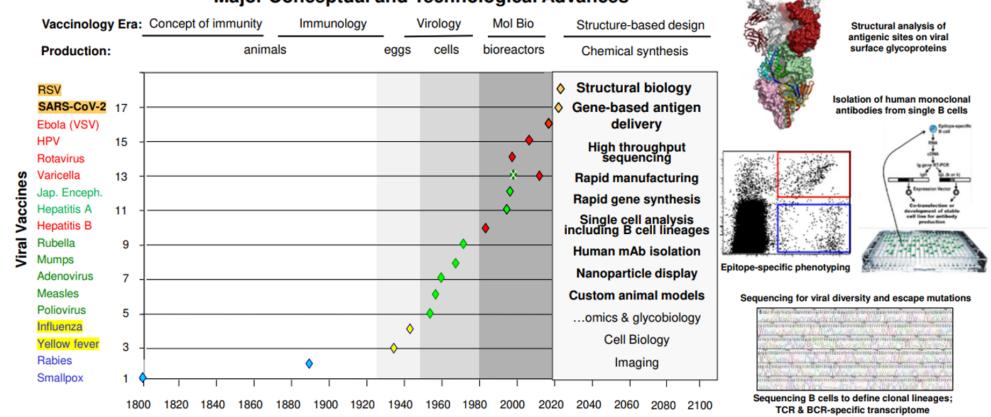
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Vaccine science has never moved so fast...technology advances make new vaccines possible



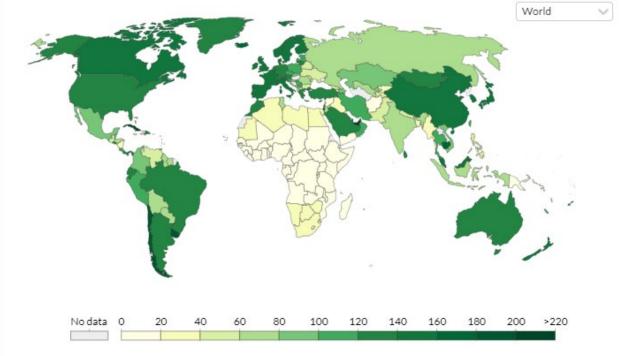
Major Conceptual and Technological Advances

Courtesy of Dr. Barney Graham

Inequity persists...COVID-19 global vaccine distribution, October 2021

COVID-19 vaccine doses administered per 100 people, Oct 30, 2021 All doses, including boosters, are counted individually. As the same person may receive more than one dose, the number of doses per 100 people can be higher than 100.





- 7 billion doses had been administered globally
- 49.4% of the world population had received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine
- Only 3.6% of people in lowincome countries have received at least one dose

Which countries are on track to reach global COVID-19 vaccination targets? - Our World in Data

Source: Official data collated by Our World in Data – Last updated 31 October 2021, 10:00 (London time) OurWorldInData.org/coronavirus • CC BY

Vaccines don't save lives...vaccination does

- Core principle of vaccinology is the public health goal of reducing infectious diseases
- Relies to a variable degree on population immunity
- Relies on systems to deliver vaccines
- Safety is paramount vaccines are given to healthy people.

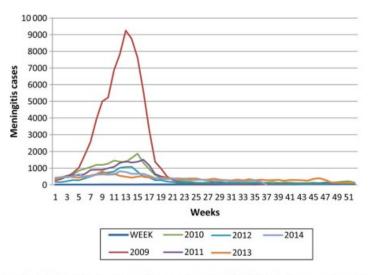


Figure 1. Incidence of meningitis in the African meningitis belt, 2009-2014. Source: www.meningvax.org.

Public Health Impact After the Introduction of PsA-TT: The First 4 Years

Fabien V. K. Diomandé,^{1,a} Mamoudou H. Djingarey,² Doumagoum M. Daugla,³ Ryan T. Novak,¹ Paul A. Kristiansen,⁴ Jean-Marc Collard,⁵ Kadidja Gamougam,⁶ Denis Kandolo,² Nehemie Mbakuliyemo,^{2,b} Leonard Mayer,¹ James Stuart,⁷ Thomas Clark,¹ Carol Tevi-Benissan,⁸ William A. Perea,⁹ Marie-Pierre Preziosi,^{10,11} F. Marc LaForce,^{12,c} Dominique Caugant,⁵ Nancy Messonnier,¹ Oladapo Walker,² and Brian Greenwood⁷

Vaccine programs must be equitable, affordable and feasible

- Vaccine delivery systems designed to reach every individual regardless of:
 - Socioeconomic status
 - Geography
 - Age
 - Sex
- Curative care limited by requirement for fixed structures
- Financing mechanisms in place





World Health Organization (WHO)-prequalified typhoid conjugate vaccines: Safe, well-tolerated, efficacious AND fit for purpose for <u>vaccination</u>

Programmatic characteristics

		Typbar TCV®	TYPHIBEV ®
	MANUFACTURER	Bharat Biotech, India	Biological E, India
Č*	VACCINE TYPE	Vi polysaccharide from Salmonella Typhi conjugated to tetanus toxoid carrier protein	Vi polysaccharide from Citrobacter freundii conjugated to CRM197 carrier protein*
11	FORMULATION	Liquid: ready to use	
E.	ADMINISTRATION	Intramuscular injection	
ŵ	AGES	≥ 6 months to ≤ 65 years	≥ 6 months to ≤ 45 years
	NUMBER OF DOSES REQUIRED	1	
66	WHO-PREQUALIFIED PRESENTATION(S) AVAILABLE WITH GAVI SUPPORT	5-dose vial	
(***)	COLD CHAIN VOLUME	5-dose vial: 2.9 cm3/dose	5-dose vial: 2.9 cm3/dose
[<u> </u>]	SHELFLIFE	36 months at storage temperature: 2-8°C	24 months at storage temperature: 2-8°C





Gavi supports TCV introduction



Single dose routine

- Co-financed
- Vaccine introduction grant
- Routine immunization at 9 months or 15 months old



One time single dose catchup campaign

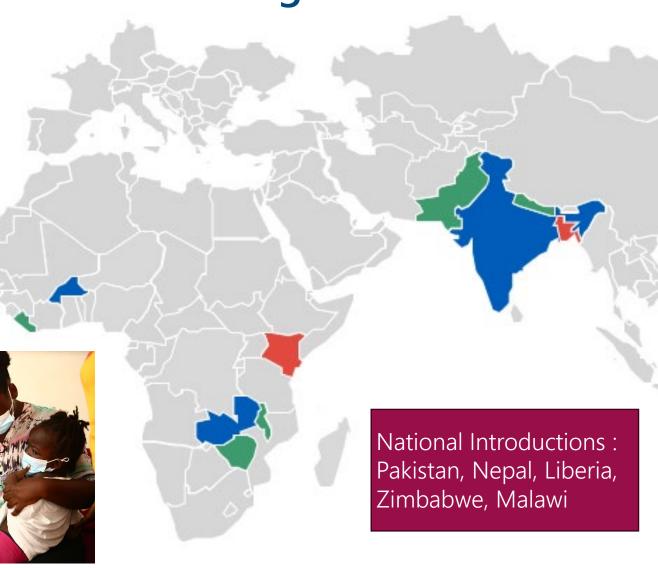
- Financed by Gavi
- Operational cost support
- Up to 15 years of age

Center for Vaccine Development and Global Health (CVD)

Getting TCV to kids who need it: Almost 60 million vaccinated and counting....



Credit: Kudzai Tinago





Credit: PHC Global





Credit: Nurudeen Sanni

Malawi Integrated National Campaign, May 2023: TCV, MR, OPV, Vitamin A

Q



Amidst challenges, Malawi delivers for the children





PATH.ORG Reaching 9 mill

Reaching 9 million children with vaccines in Malawi

Malawi strengthens its routine immunization system with launch of typhoid...

t Take on Typhoid Retweeted

Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance @gavi · May 16

Congratulations Malawi for becoming the third African country to introduce typhoid conjugate vaccine into routine immunisation!

We're proud to work with @MalawiUNICEF, @WHOMalawi and @PreventTyphoid to support @health_malawi's work to #TakeonTyphoid:



Coalition against Typhoid May 19 · 🏈

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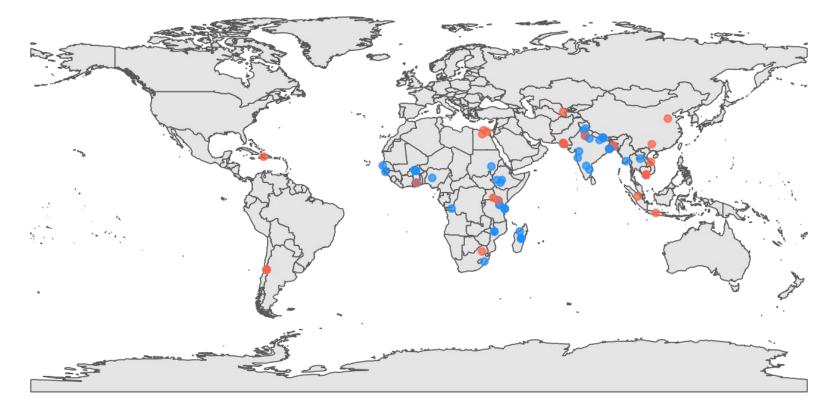
Malawi's typhoid conjugate vaccine introduction is poised to protect millions of children from typhoid. Congratulations, Malawi!

https://www.coalitionagainsttyphoid.org/amidst...,



Population-based studies of typhoid incidence

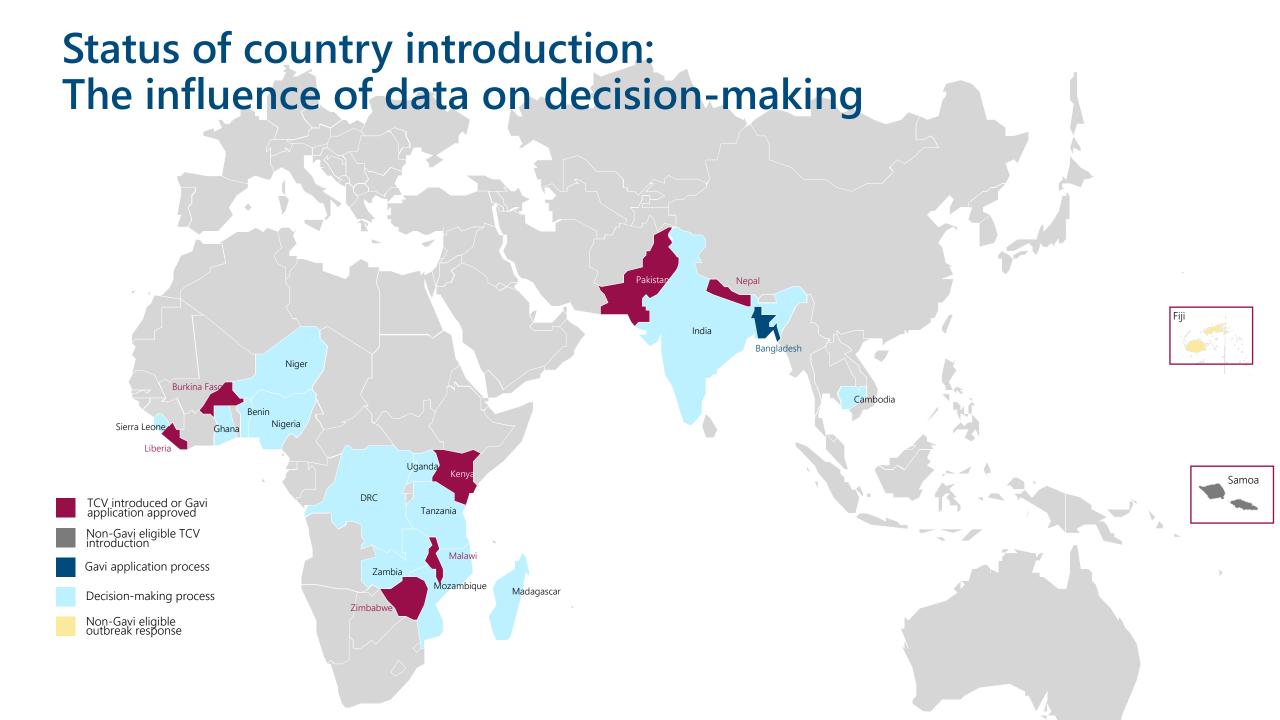
Incidence data in the updated burden model



- Studies in previous model (published 1980-2013) (32 studies, 22 locations)
- Studies in new model (published 1980-2021) (43 studies, 60 locations)

Courtesy of Dr. Virginia Pitzer

Center for Vaccine Development and Global Health (CVD)



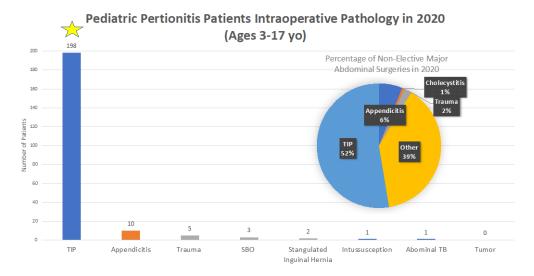
What about areas without population-based data? The example of intestinal perforations in Niger

- Surgeons report excessive numbers of cases of TIP
 - Most marginalized children without access to care
 - Economically catastrophic for families
 - Complications, including ostomies are difficult to manage
 - Case fatality rates up to 30%

Areas without blood culture capabilities

 Children present late in course of disease, often having received antibiotics, lowering sensitivity of blood culture further

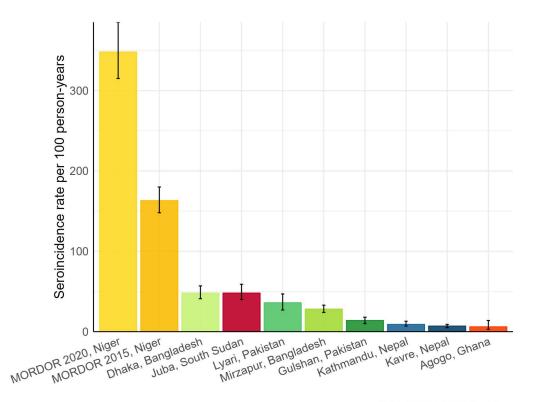




Courtesy of Drs. Yakoubou Sanoussi and Katherine Shafer

Coming together for solutions to data inequity: Seroepidemiology in Niger

- Samples collected from children < 5yo in Dosso, Niger as part of MORDOR study
- Burden of typhoid is 7x greater than other high burden settings in South Asia and Africa
- Between 2015 and 2020, typhoid sero-incidence doubled



Courtesy of MORDOR investigators, SABIN/Jessica Seidman, Richelle Charles, Kirsten Aiemjoy

Data inequity solutions: From readily achievable to aspirational

- Vaccine introduction to demonstrate impact
- Clinical (e.g. TIP) surveillance
- Serosurveillance
- Environmental surveillance
- Sentinel blood culture surveillance
- Point-of-care diagnostics
- Population-based blood culture surveillance
- Integrated sustainable multi-disease surveillance and capacity building



Disease prevention is the goal



Young girl in Niger with ostomy following emergency operation for intestinal perforation



Young girl in Malawi following vaccination with TCV









The Typhoid Vaccine Acceleration Consortium (TyVAC) is led by the Center for Vaccine Development and Global Health at the University of Maryland School of Medicine, the Oxford Vaccine Group at the University of Oxford, and PATH. TyVAC is funded by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.