



# Geospatial findings of XDR typhoid Outbreak in Pakistan- Story of spread in two cities

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# Hyderabad

# Outbreak investigation of XDR typhoid in Hyderabad, Pakistan I

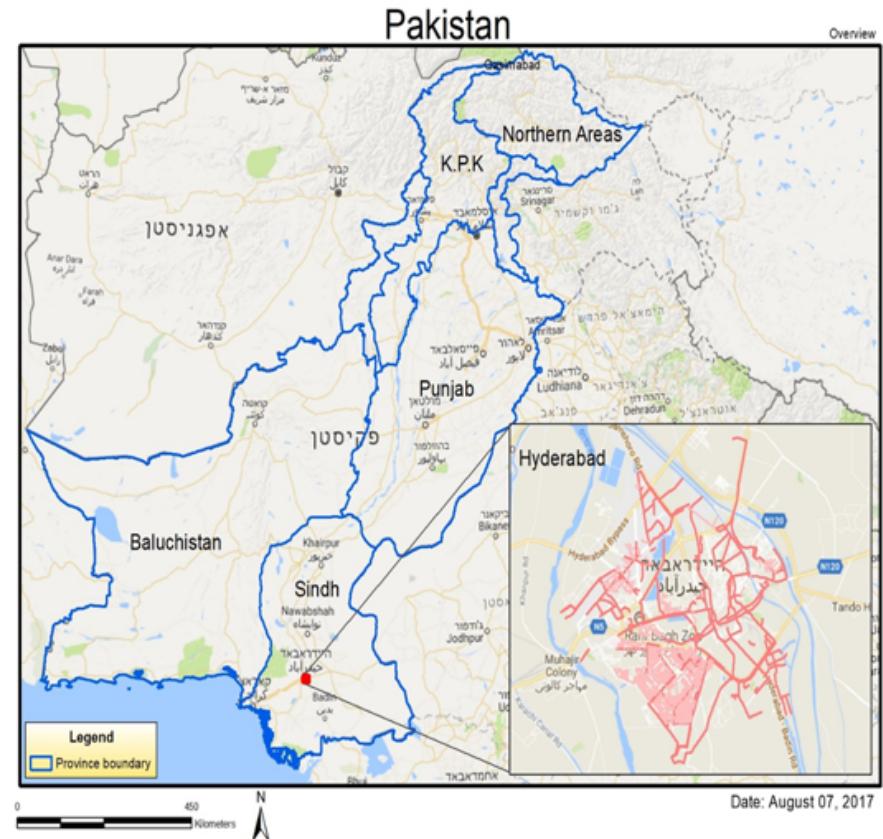
- Largest outbreak of ceftriaxone-resistant *S Typhi* reported in Hyderabad in Nov 2016
- Clinical laboratory of Aga Khan University Hospital reported cases admitted at Aga Khan Maternal & Child Center Hyderabad with ceftriaxone resistant *S. Typhi*
- Outbreak investigation was initiated

# Outbreak investigation of XDR typhoid in Hyderabad, Pakistan II

- Few therapeutic options are available
  - Azithromycin and
  - Carbapenems
- These are expensive and have little accessibility

# Geospatial Mapping I

- Geospatial mapping of cases
  - Hyderabad city of Sindh (1.7 million)
    - Latifabad (0.67 million)
    - Qasimabad (0.3 million)
- Age distribution of cases
  - $\leq 5$  yrs ( $\approx 60\%$ )
  - 5-10 yrs (27%)
  - $>10$  yrs (13%)

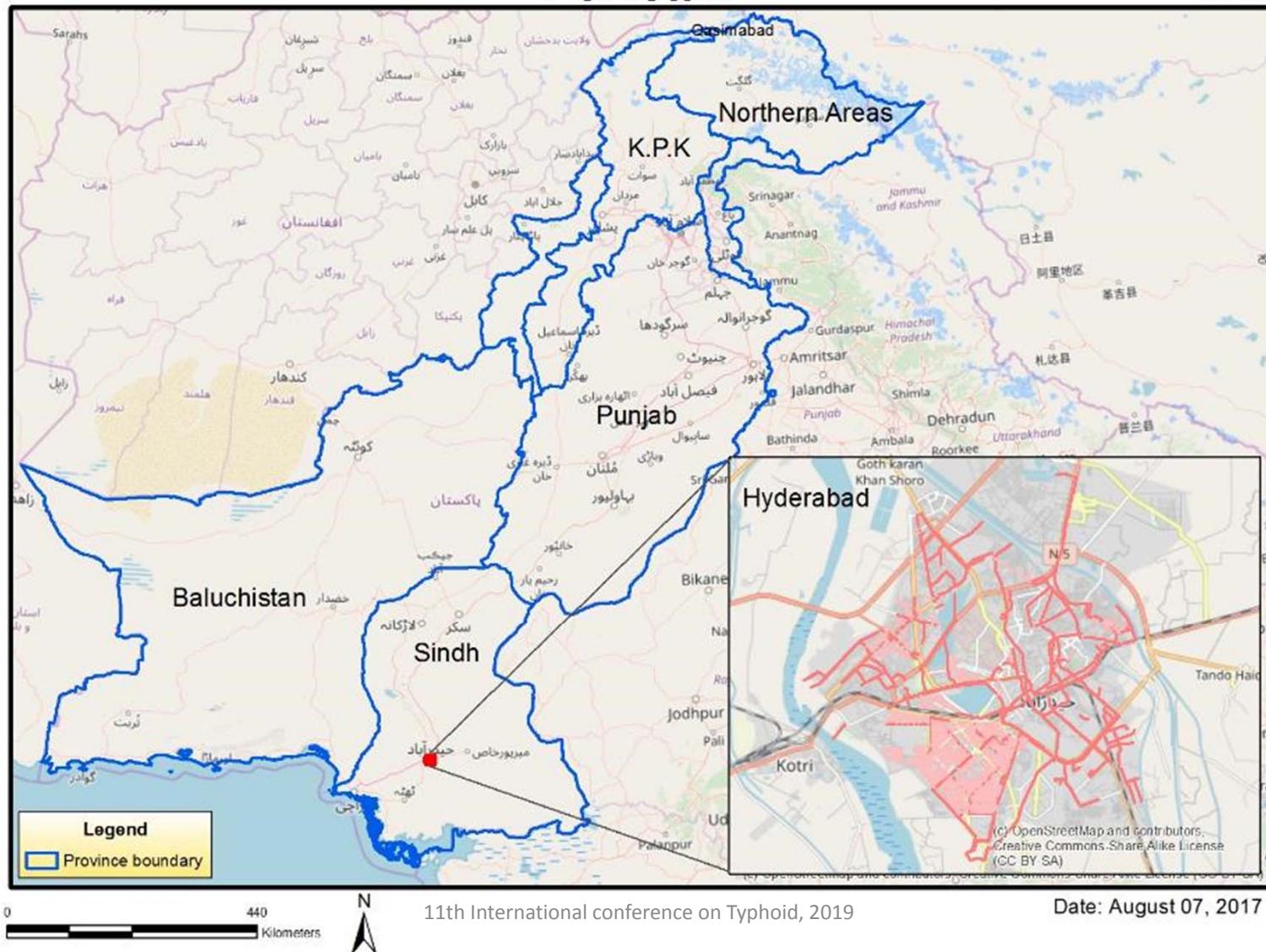


## Geospatial Mapping II

- Open street view map of Hyderabad was integrated in the Esri ArcGIS, version 10.5
- Important relevant landmarks, including paper-based map of the Hyderabad sewerage map was scanned and georeferenced in the Esri® ArcGIS software
- Coordinates were collected through the use of an in-house application form
- Color coding for both cases and controls and positive water samples

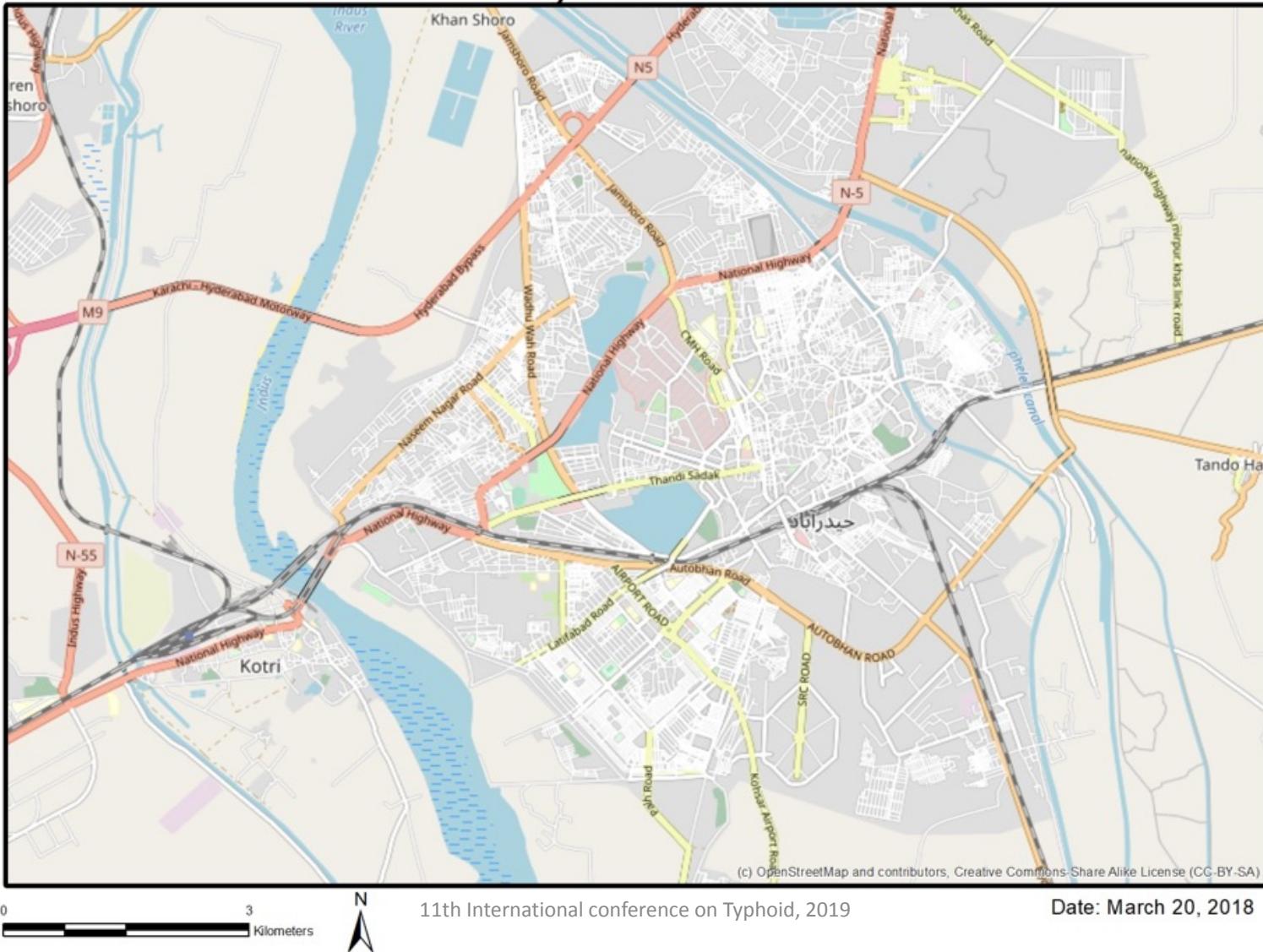
# Pakistan

Overview



# Hyderabad

Overview



3/26/19

0 3 Kilometers



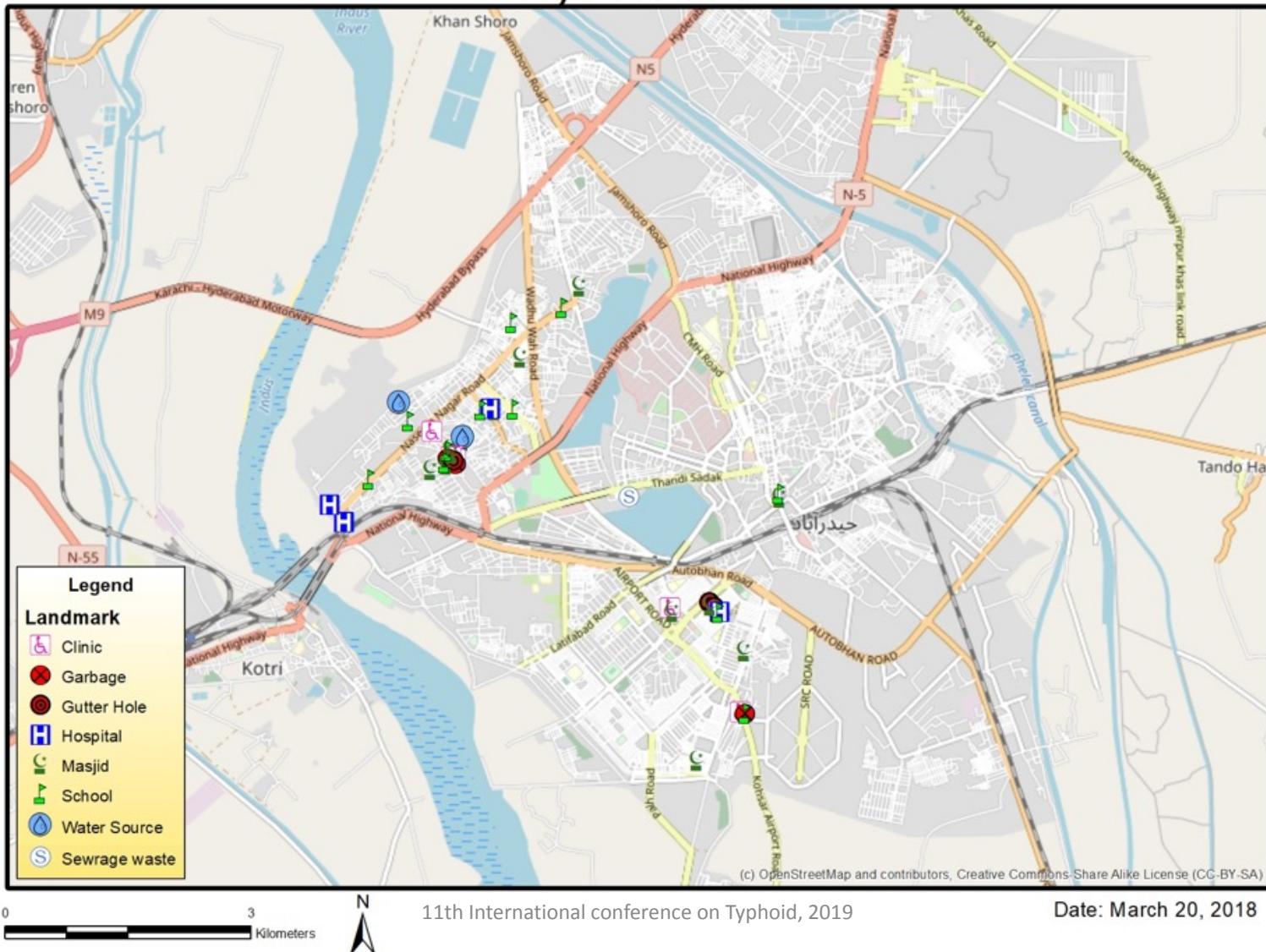
11th International conference on Typhoid, 2019

Date: March 20, 2018

9

# Hyderabad

Overview



3/26/19

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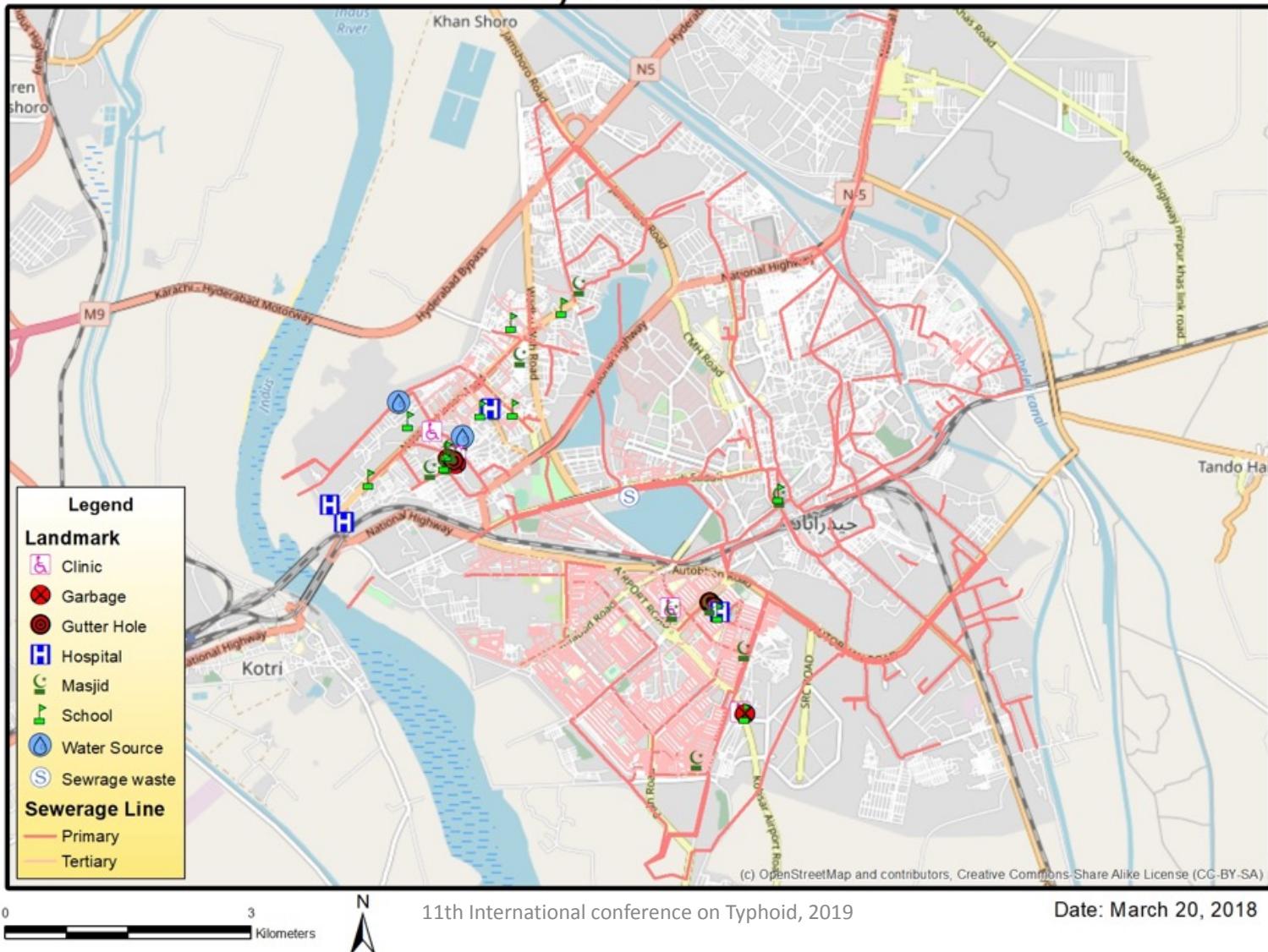
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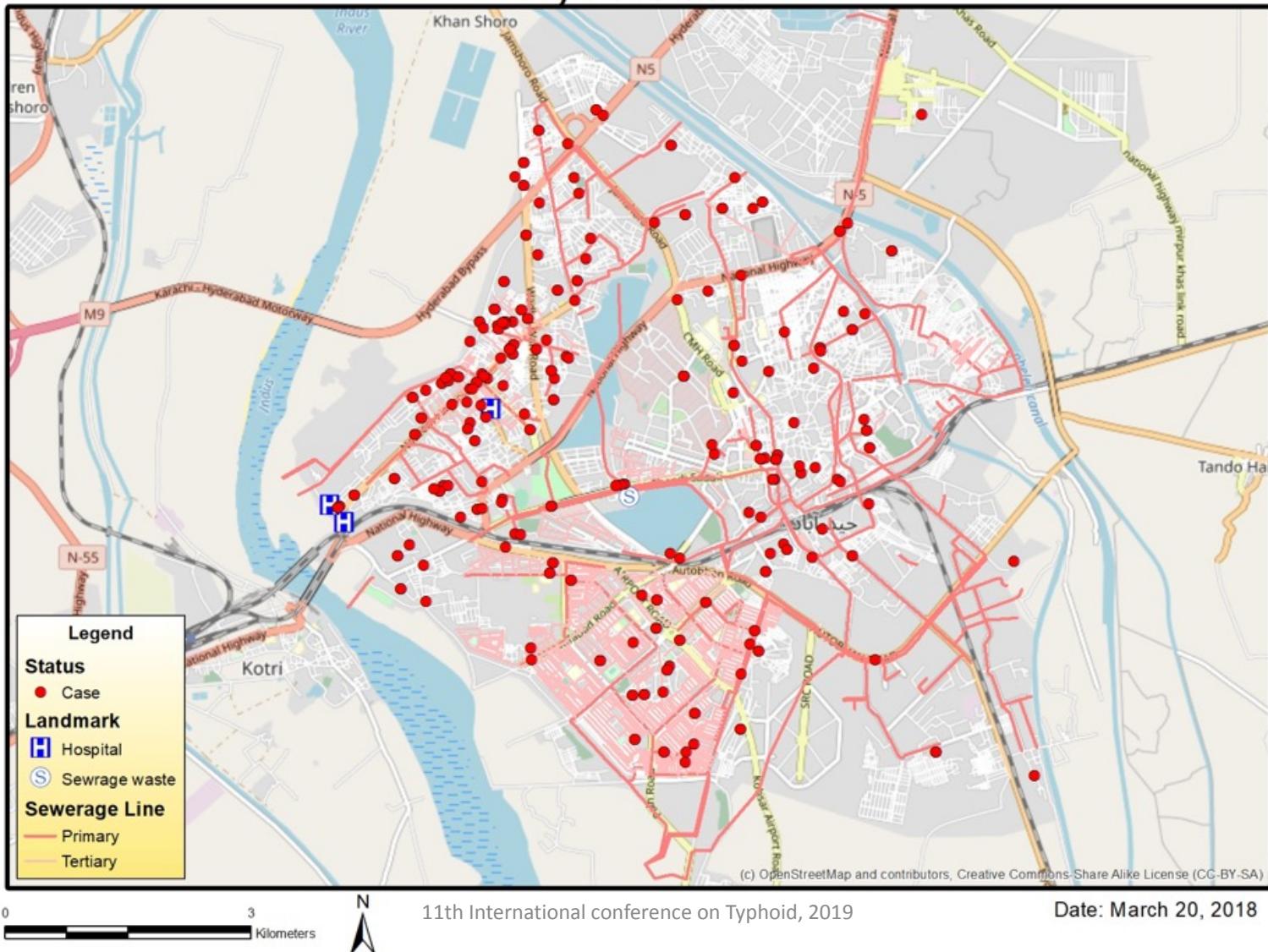
# Hyderabad

Overview



# Hyderabad

Overview



3/26/19

0 3 Kilometers



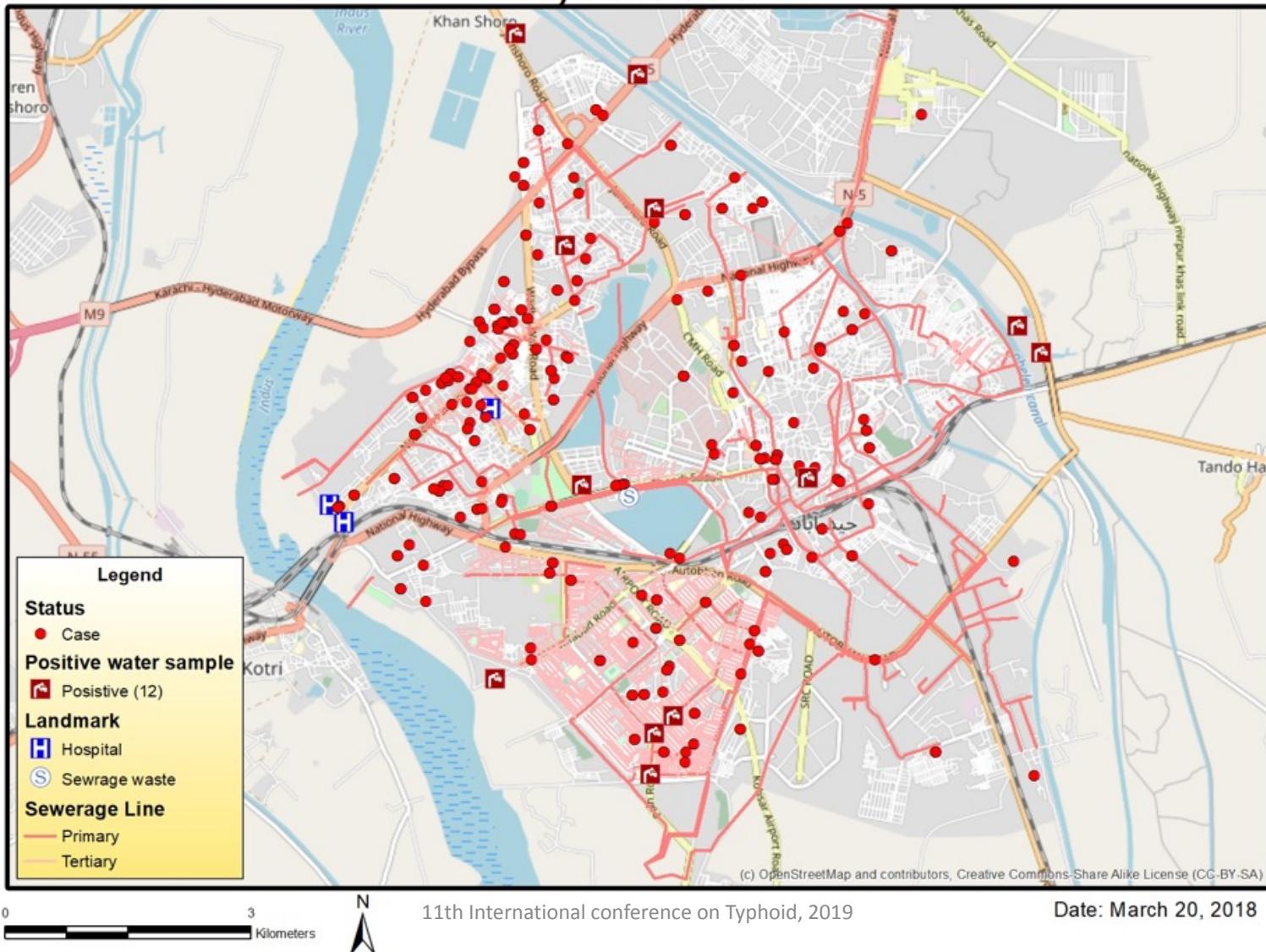
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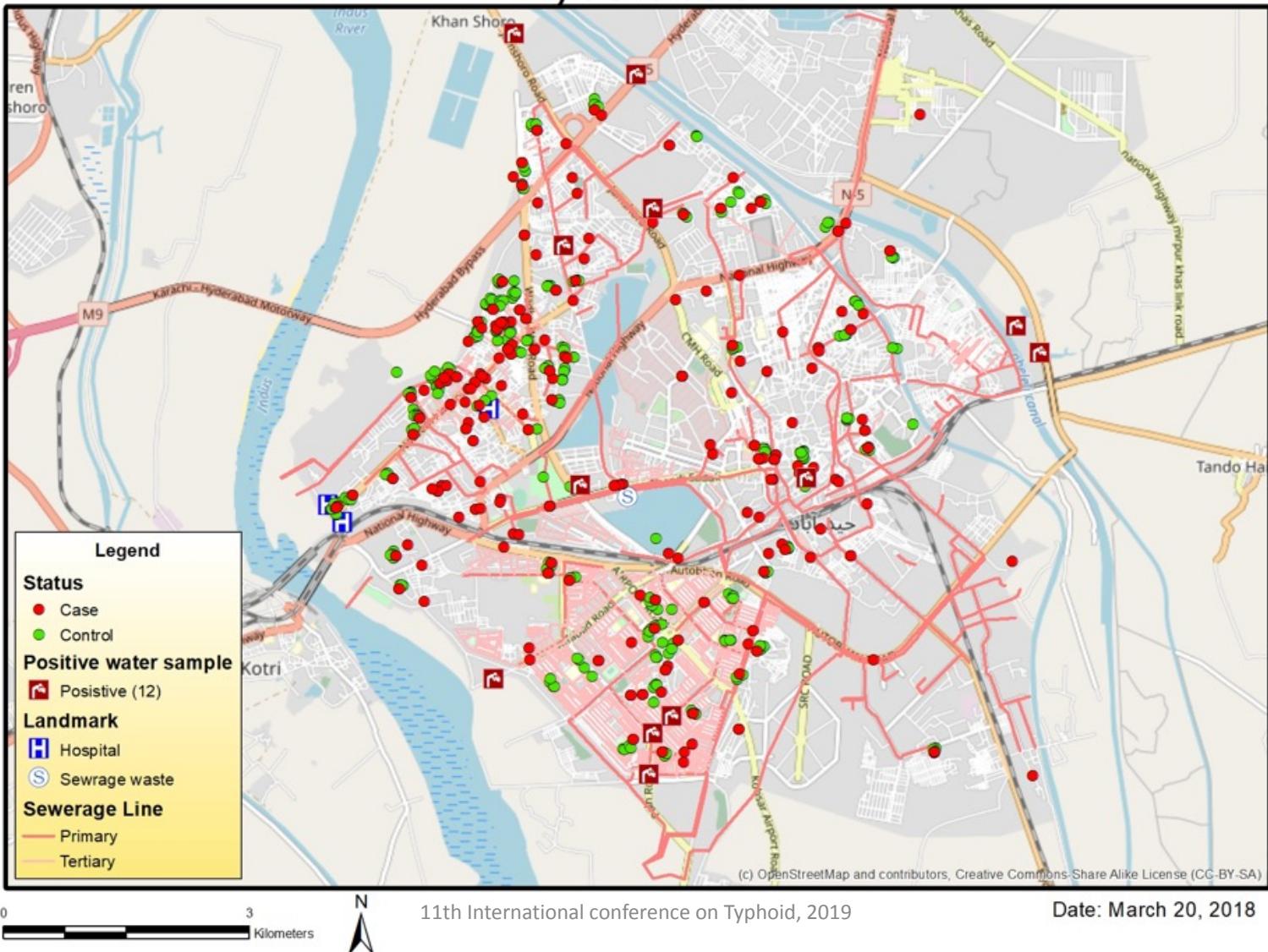
# Hyderabad

Overview



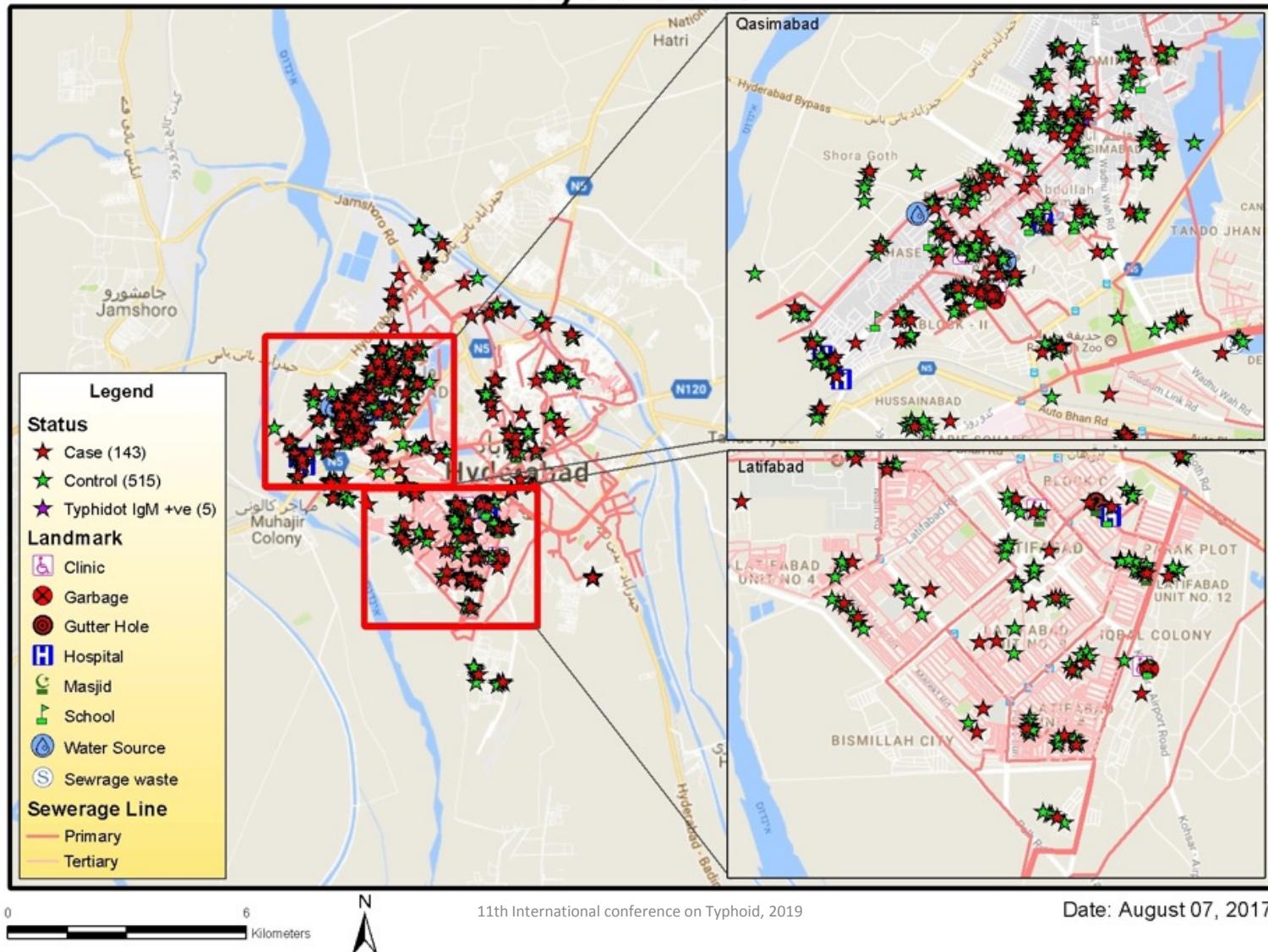
# Hyderabad n=486

Overview



## Hyderabad

## Overview





11th International Conference on Typhoid, 2019



# Karachi

# Extracting Geospatial information from Lab Data I

List of culture positive XDR *S.typhi* is obtained from AKU diagnostic lab.

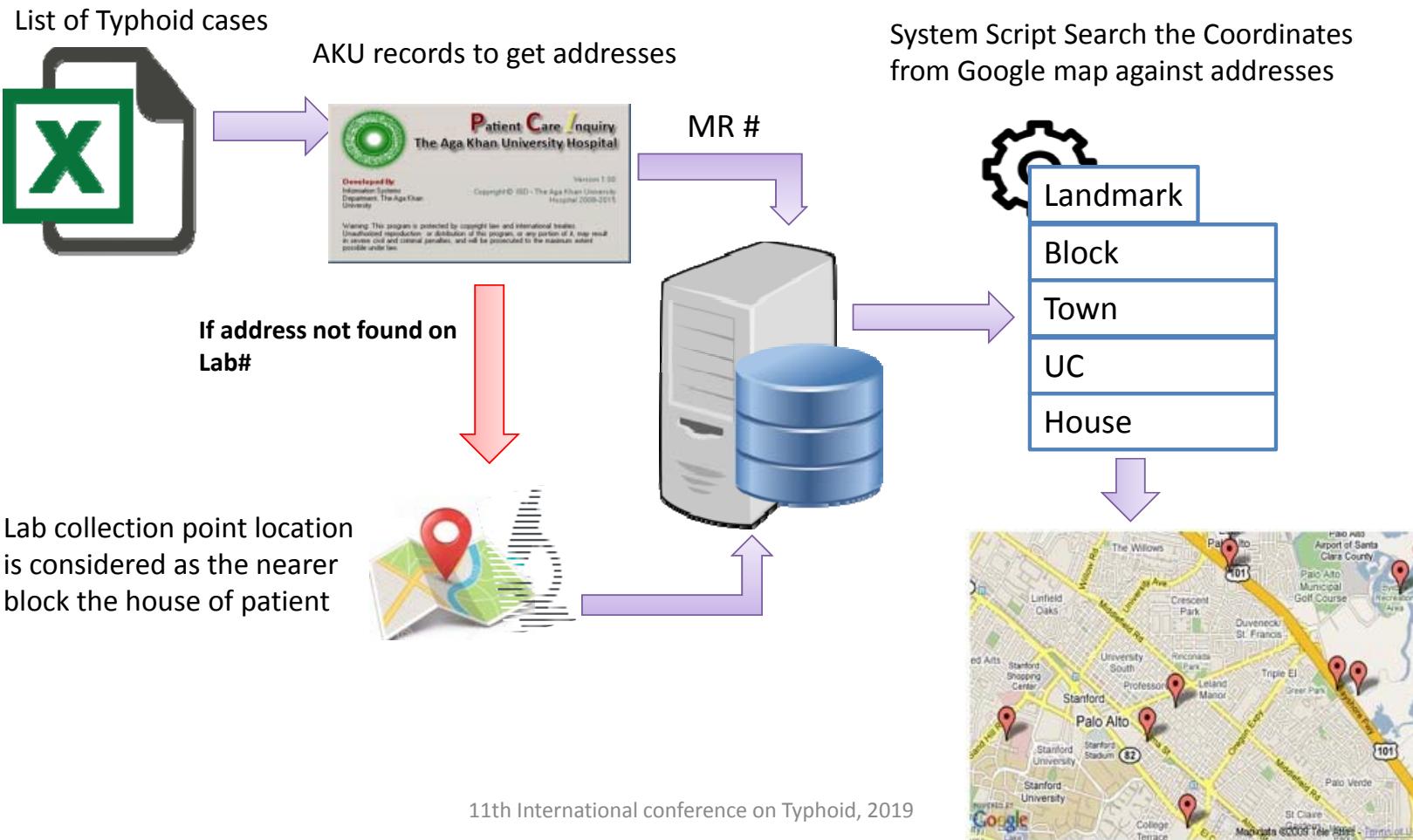


The list whether states the medical record (MR) number or the lab (L) number of patient



Different strategies are acquired to locate the coordinates.

# Extracting Geospatial information from Lab Data I



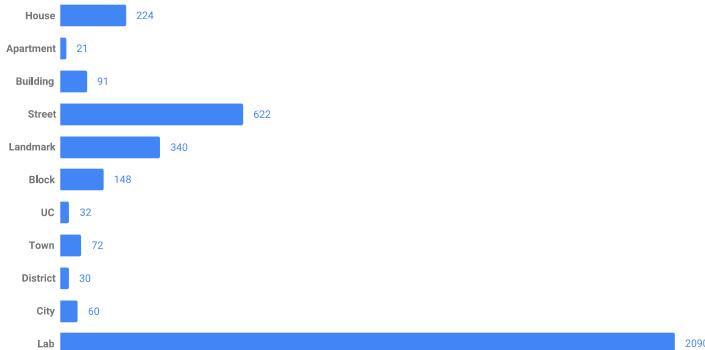
# Extracting Geospatial information from Lab Data I

**Tyhpoid Cases Statistics**

Total No. of sensitive cases	3730
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Address Sources	Total	%
House	224	6.01%
Apartment	21	0.56%
Building	91	2.44%
Street	622	16.68%
Landmark	340	9.12%
Block	148	3.97%
UC	32	0.86%
Town	72	1.93%
District	30	0.80%
City	60	1.61%
Lab	2090	56.03%

Total No. of Typhoid Cases (Sensitive)



**Tyhpoid Cases Statistics**

Total No. of resistance cases	3315
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Address Sources	Total	%
House	87	2.62%
Apartment	43	1.30%
Building	56	1.69%
Street	309	9.32%
Landmark	182	5.49%
Block	214	6.46%
UC	16	0.48%
Town	83	2.50%
District	44	1.33%
City	83	2.50%
Lab	2198	66.30%

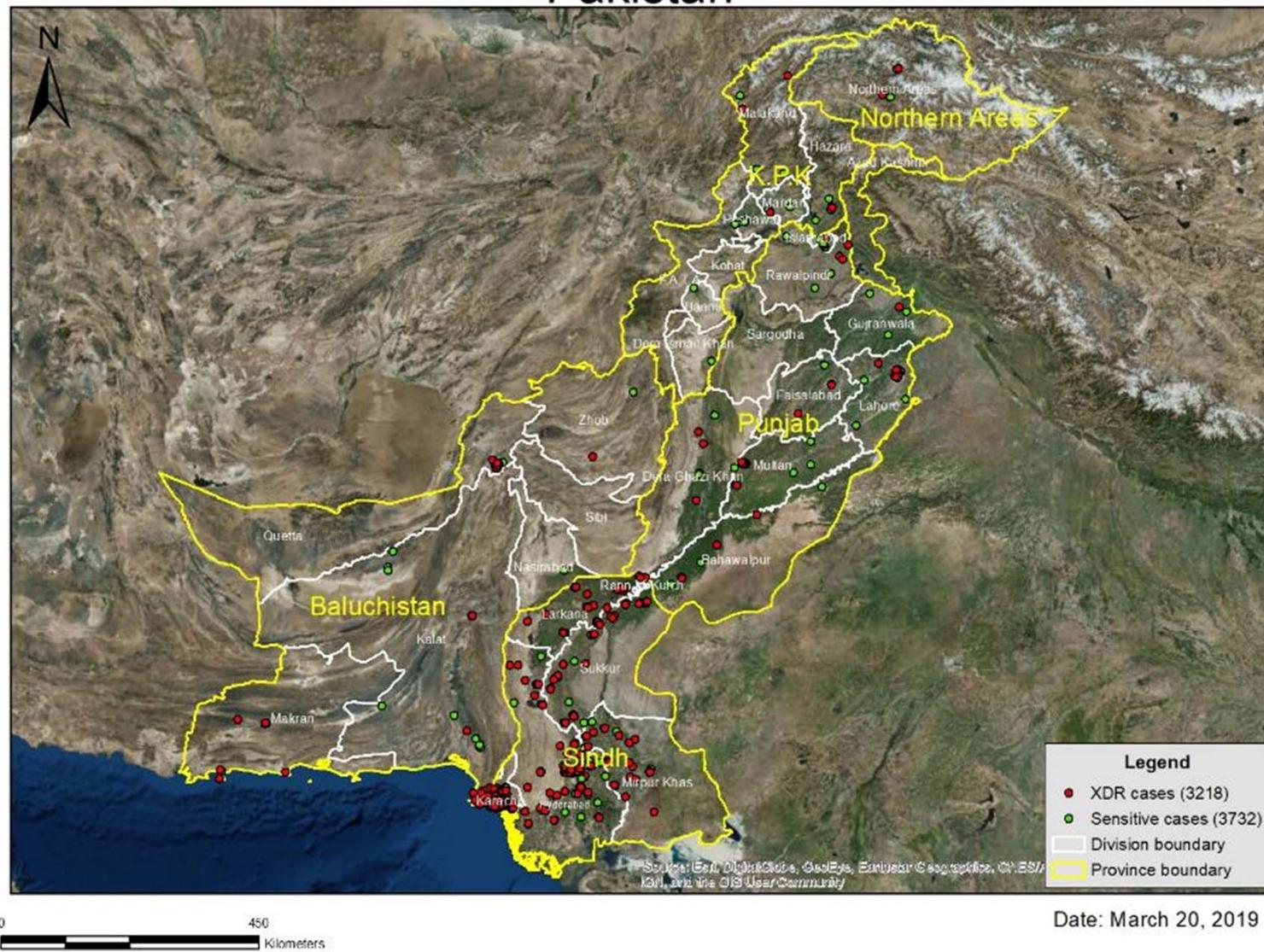
Total No. of Typhoid Cases (Resistance)



# Karachi

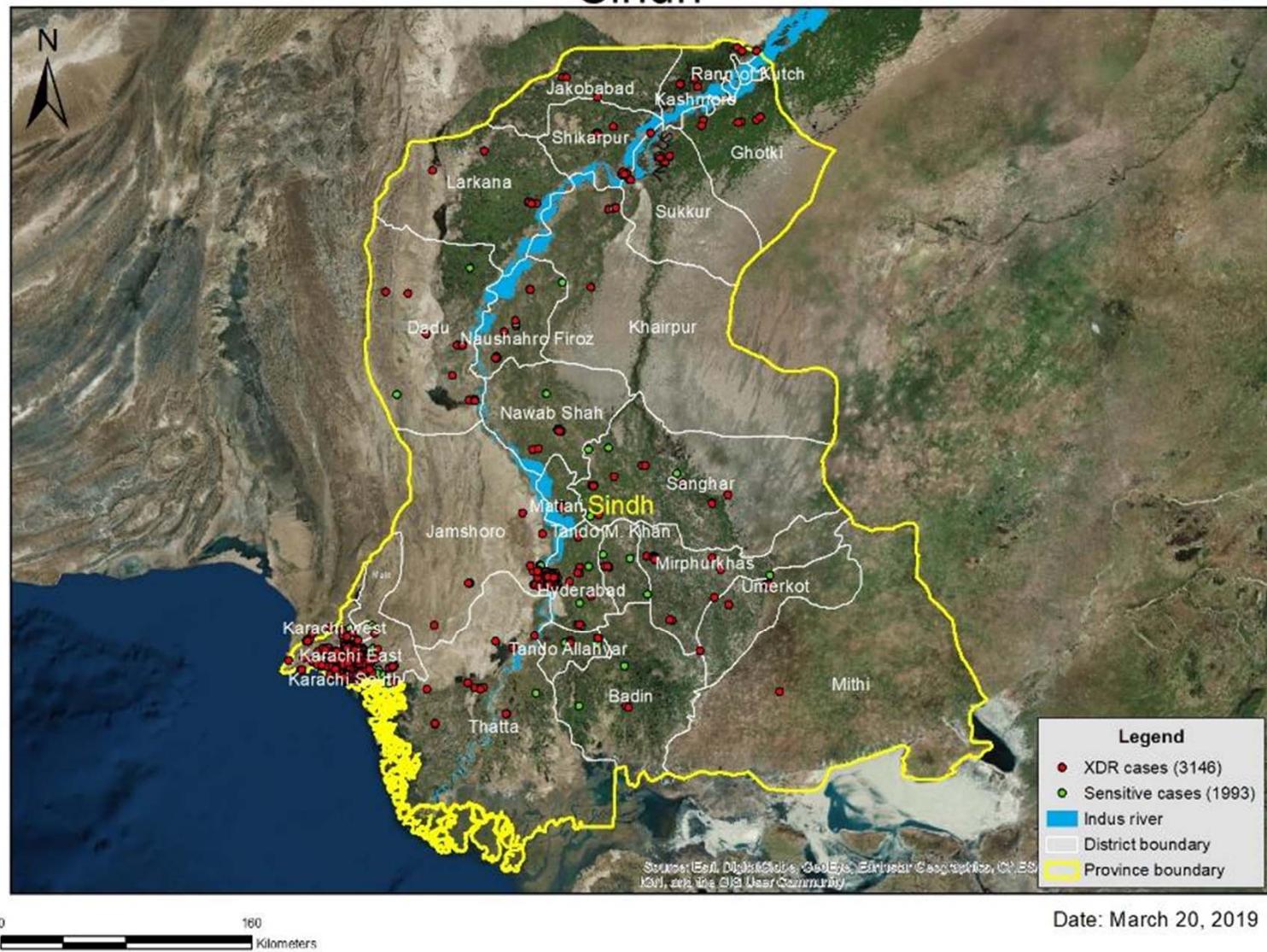
## Pakistan

## Overview



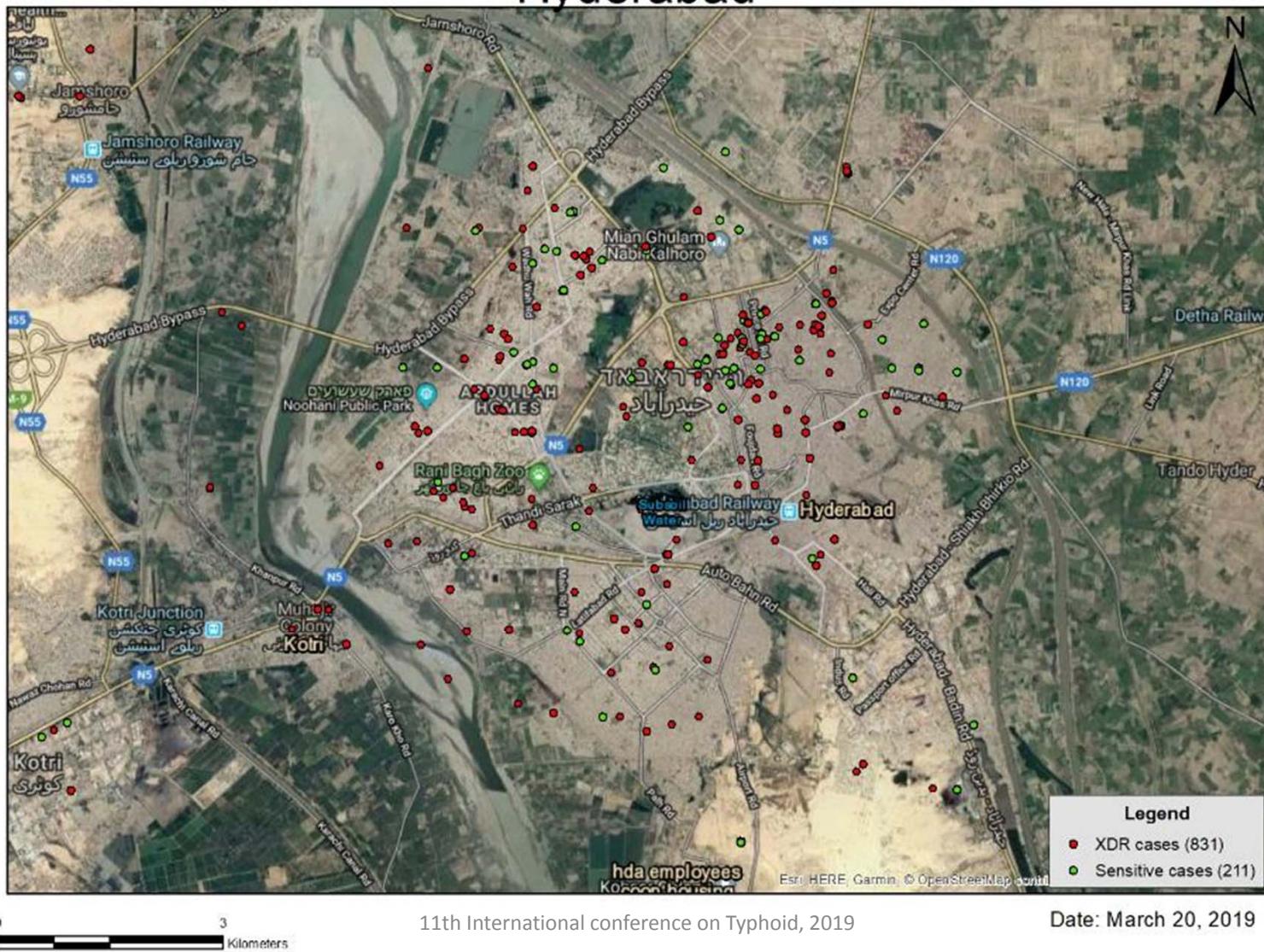
# Sindh

Overview



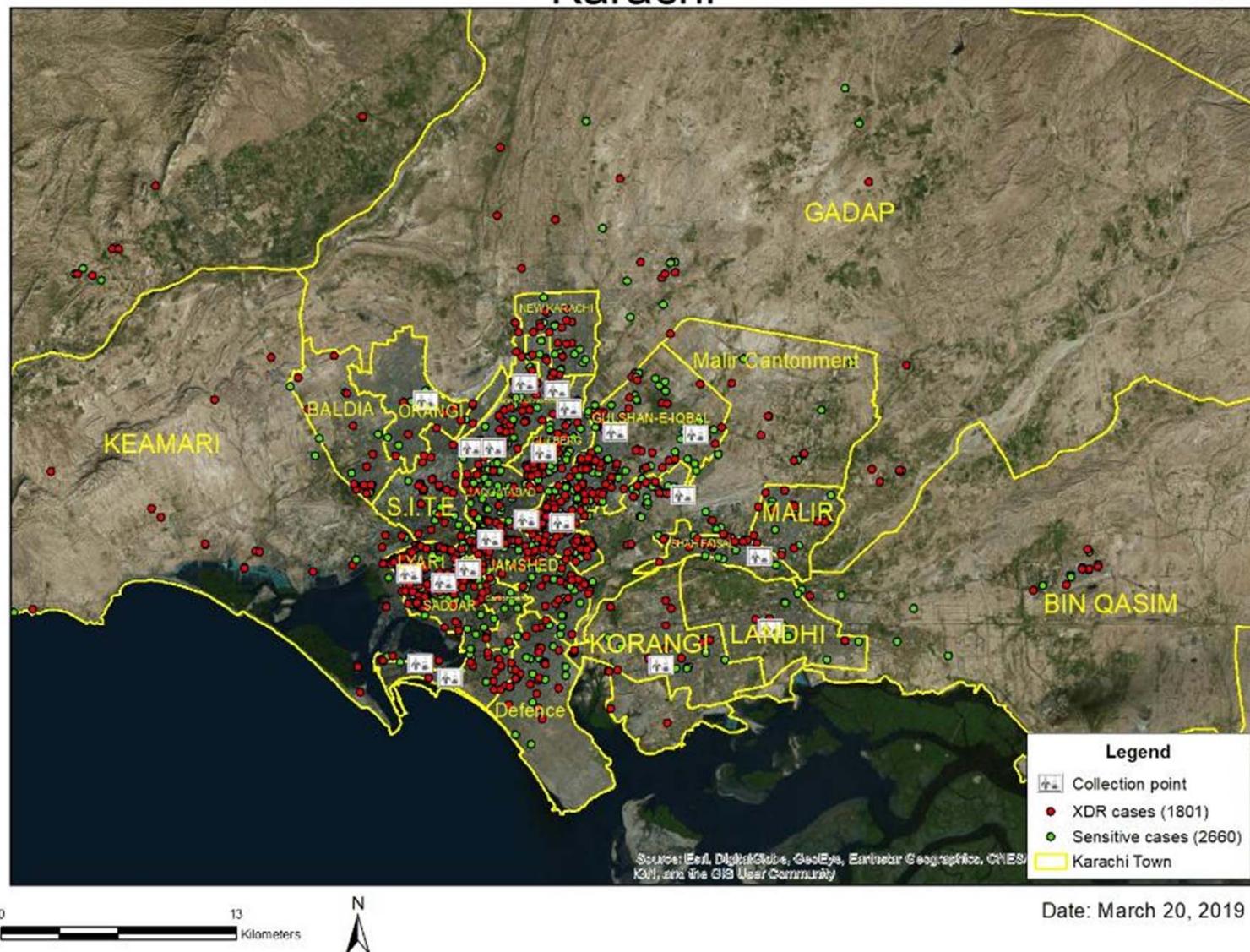
# Hyderabad

Overview



# Karachi

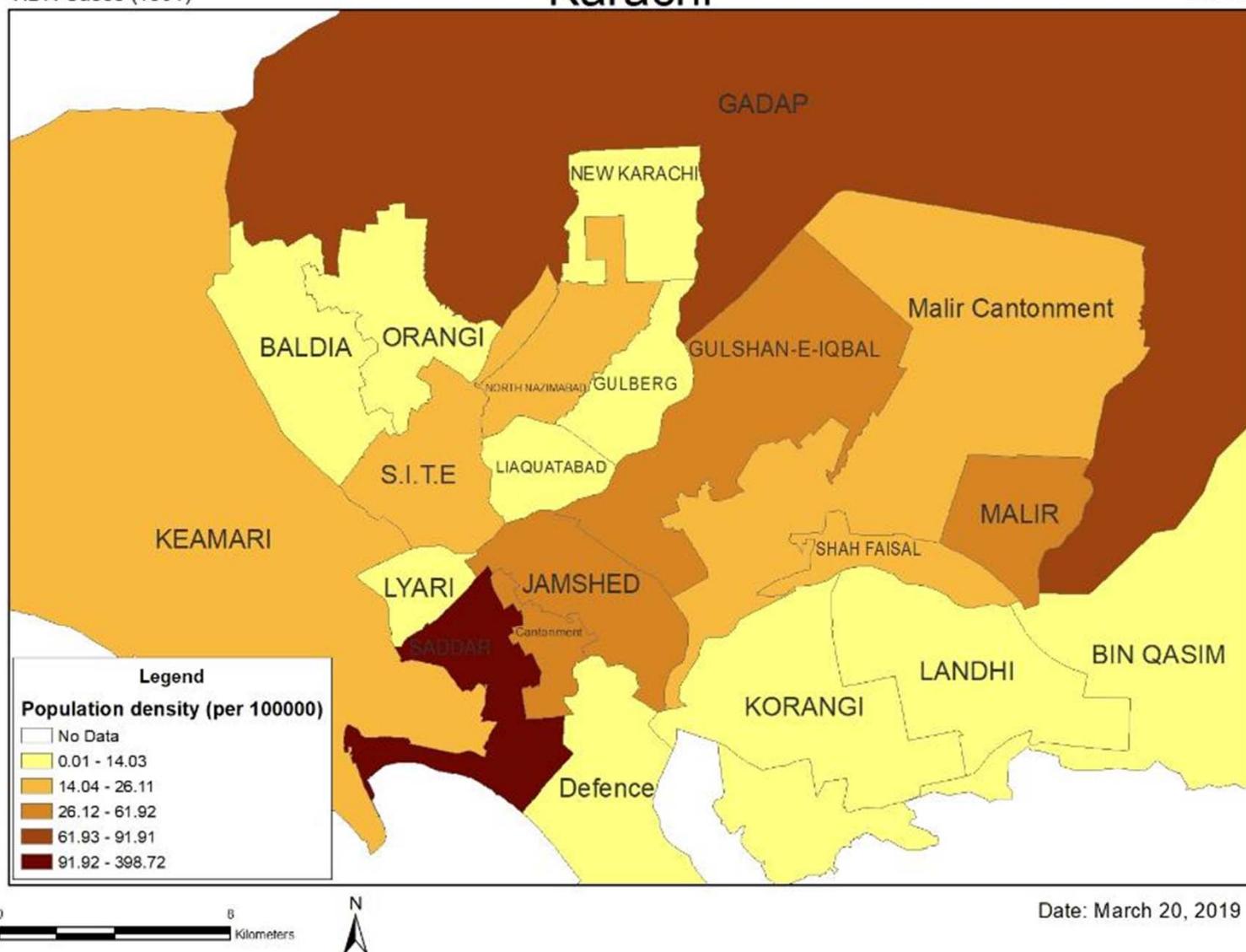
Overview



XDR Cases (1801)

# Karachi

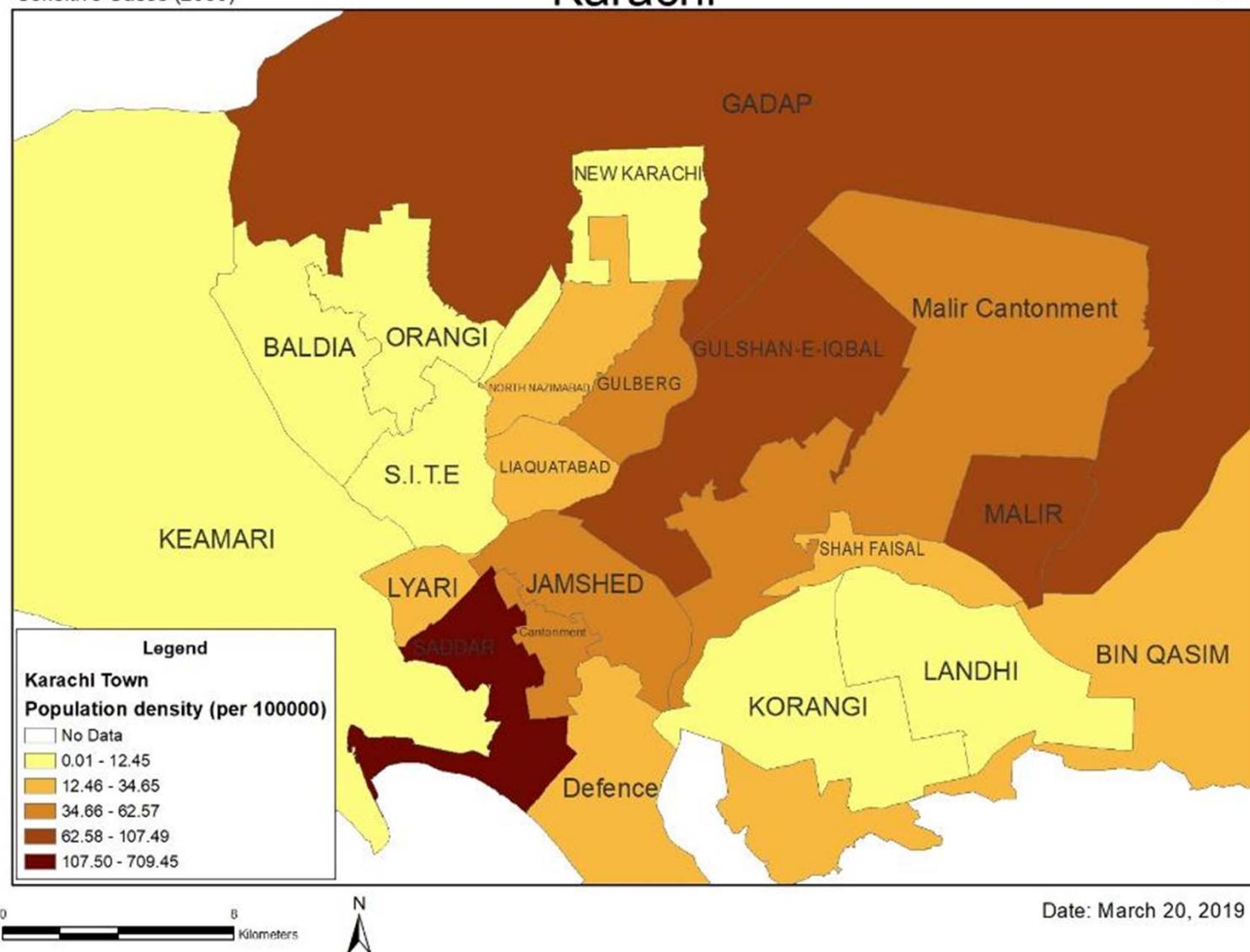
Overview



Sensitive Cases (2660)

# Karachi

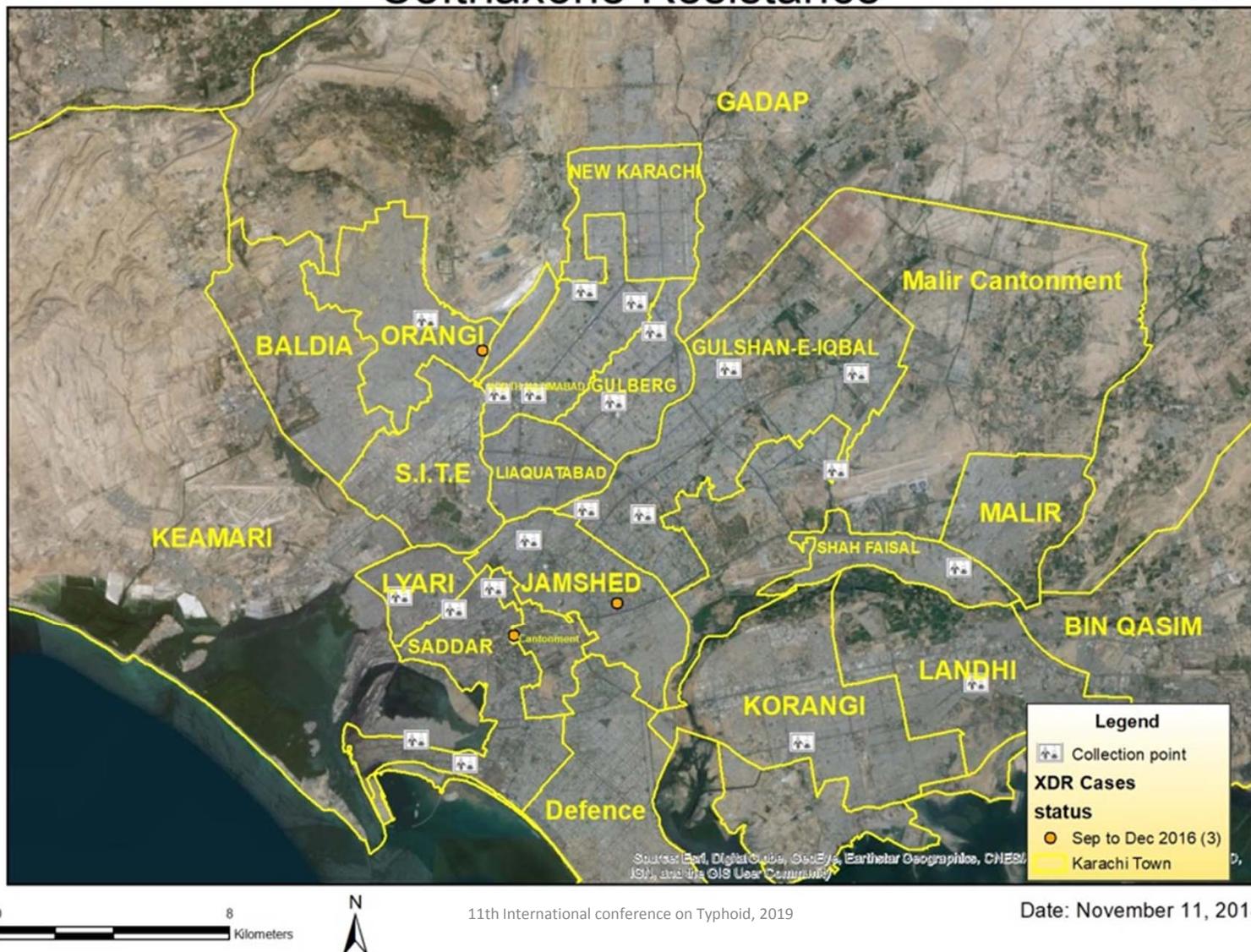
Overview



# **XDR cases**

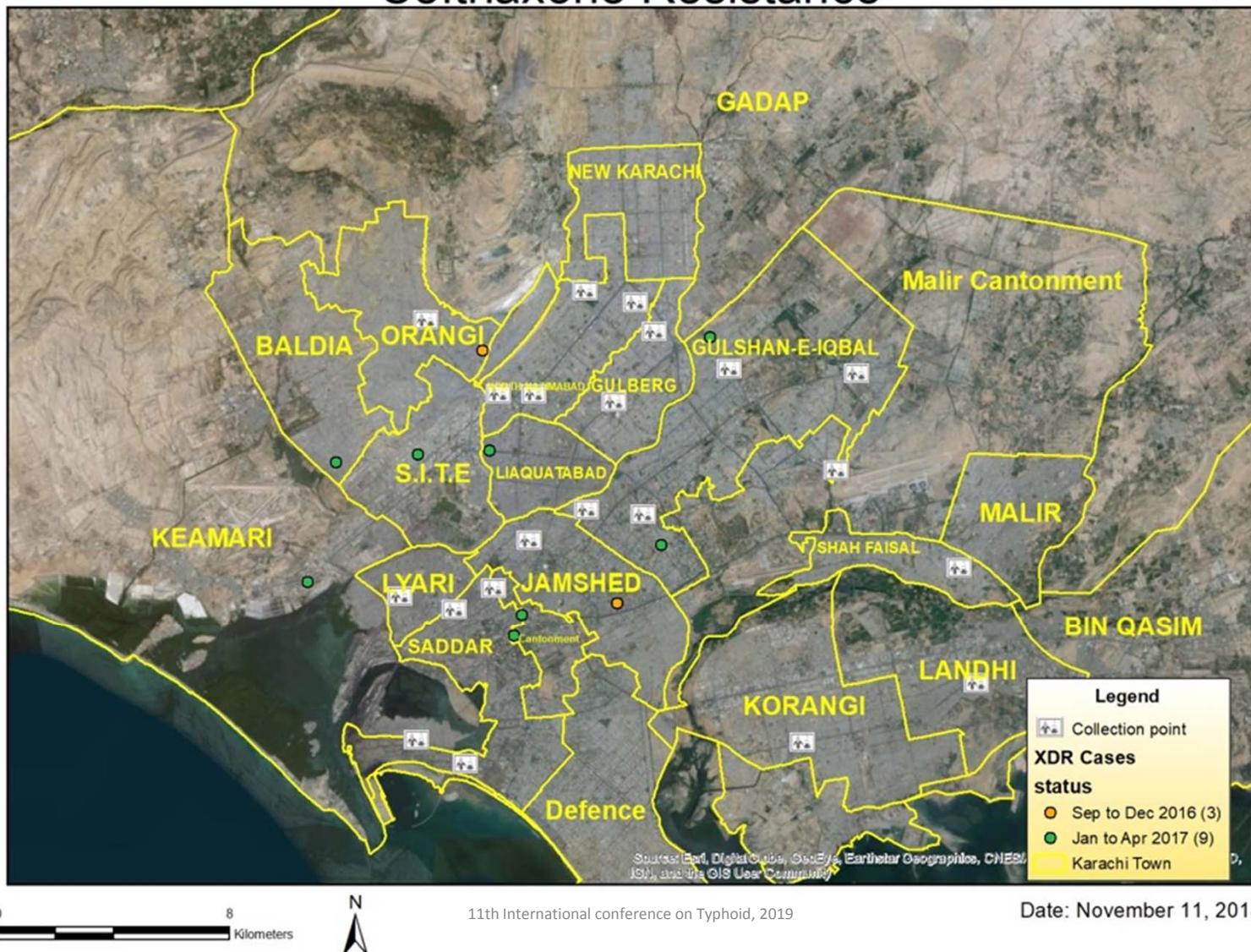
# Ceftriaxone Resistance

Overview



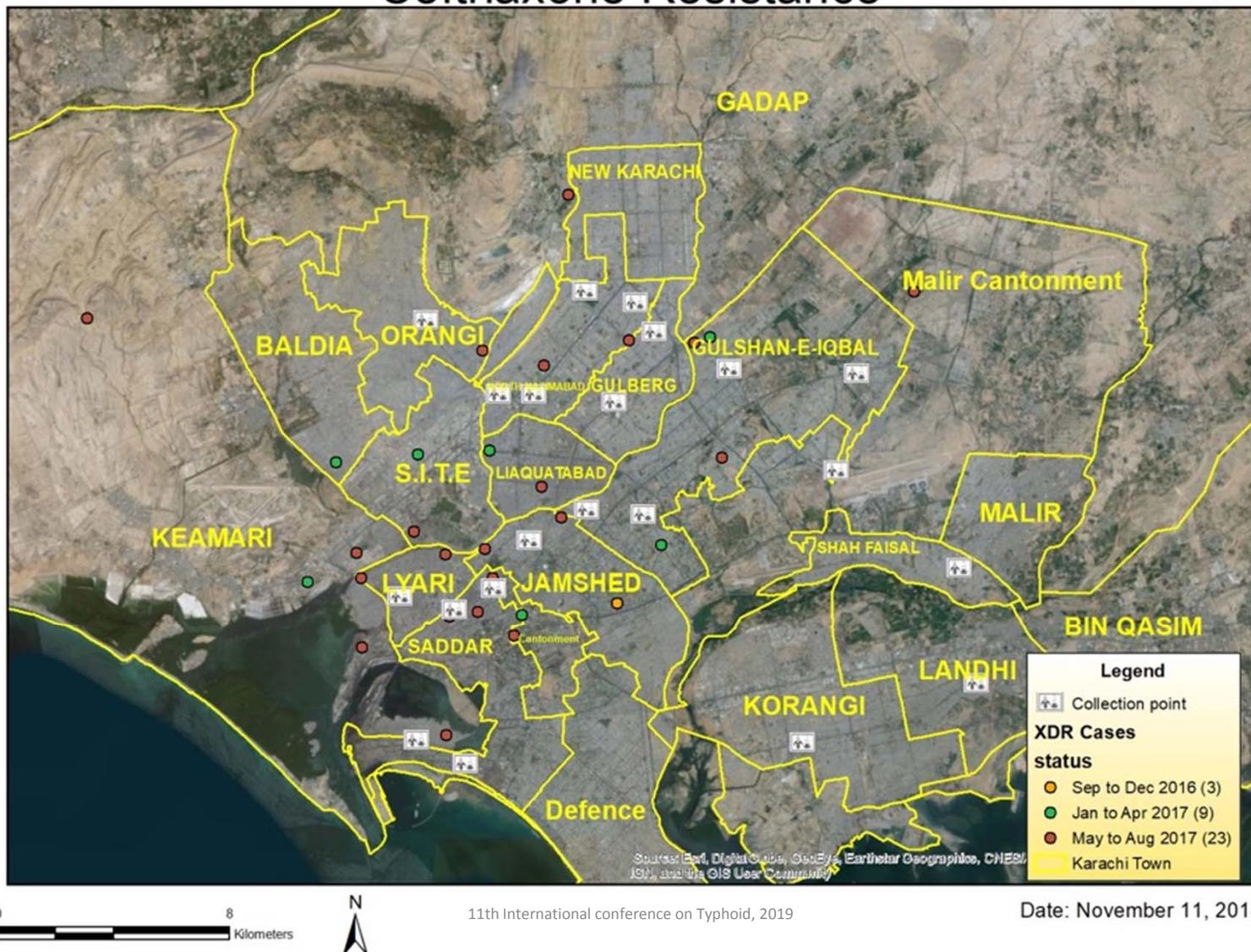
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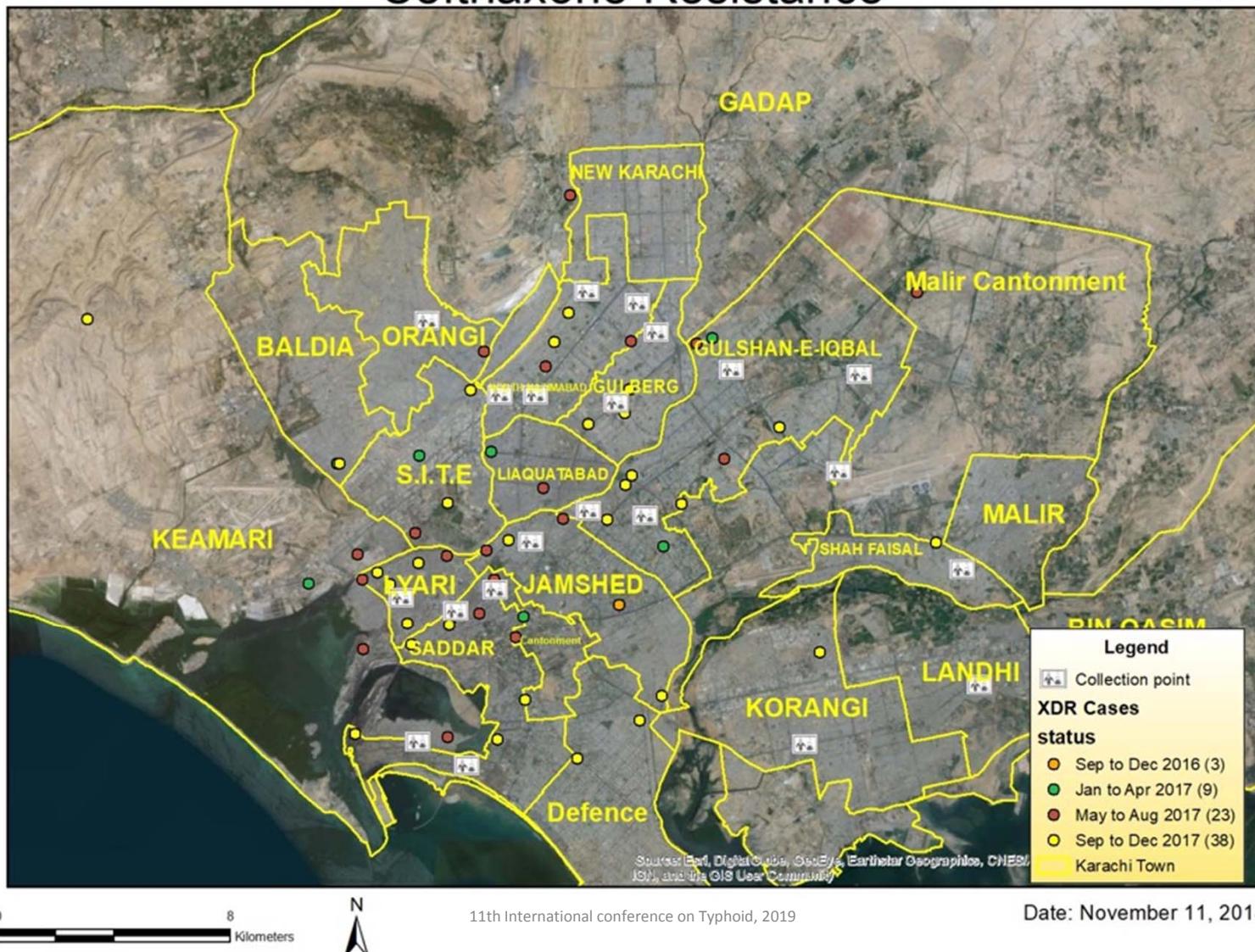
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Overview



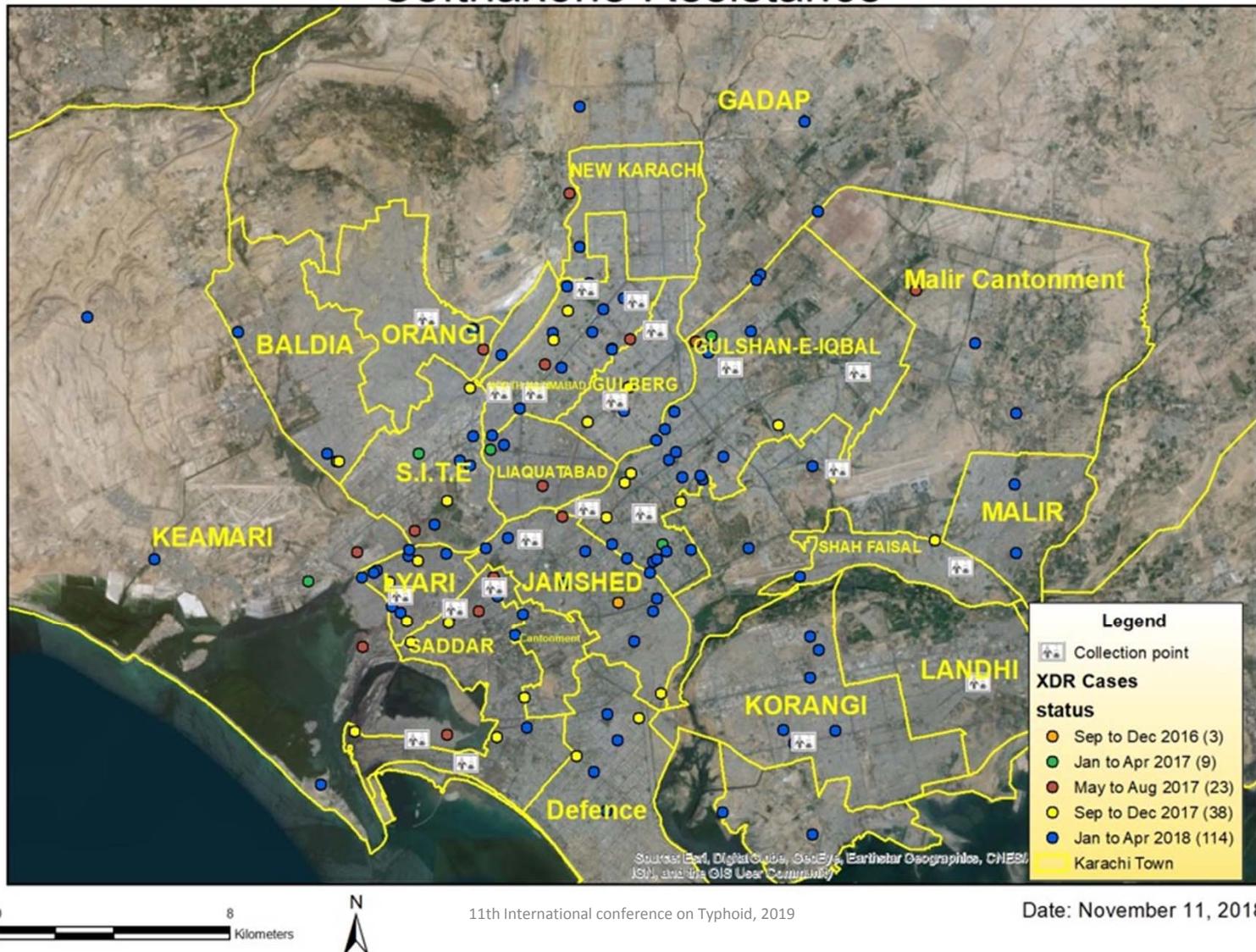
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Overview



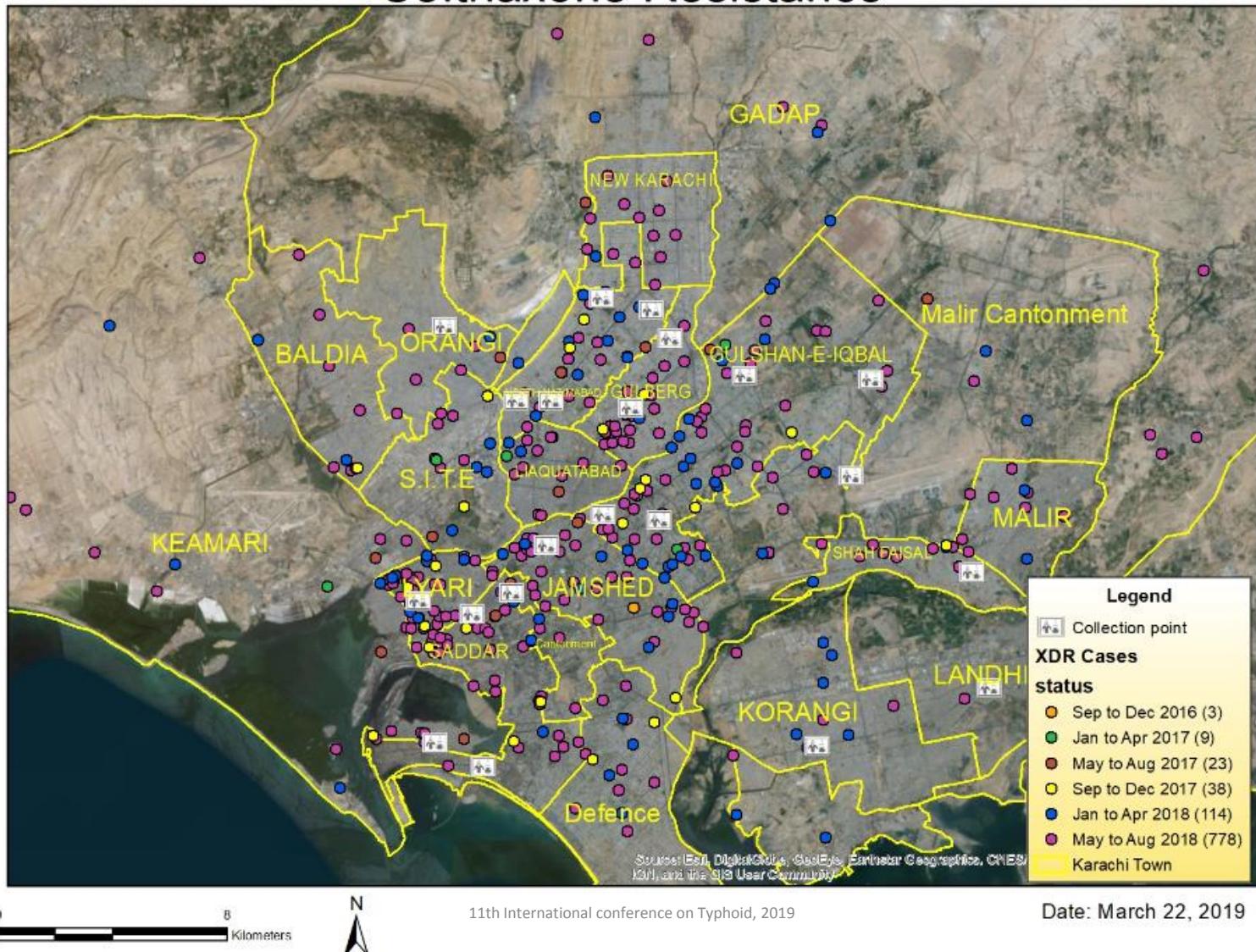
# Ceftriaxone Resistance

Overview



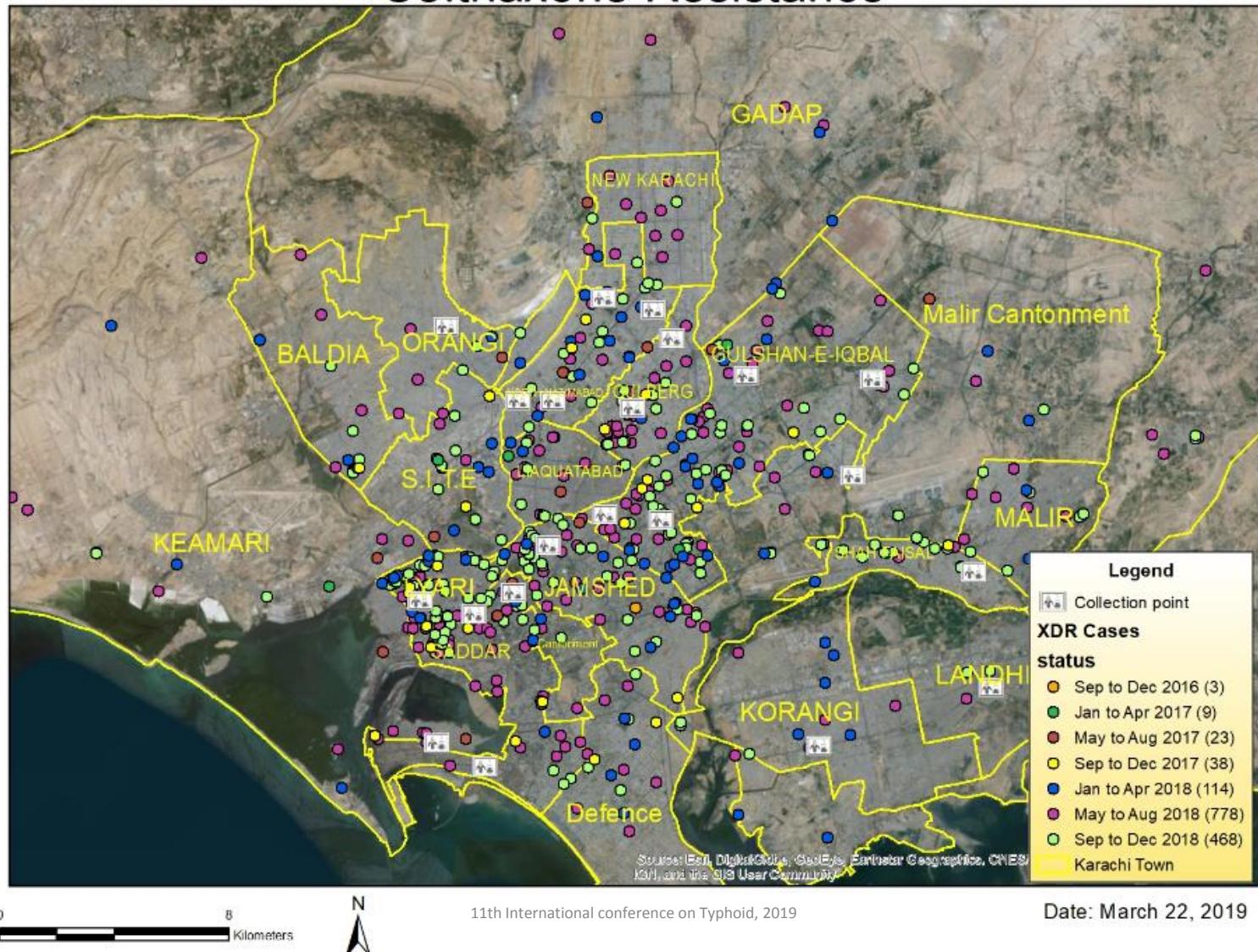
# Ceftriaxone Resistance

Overview



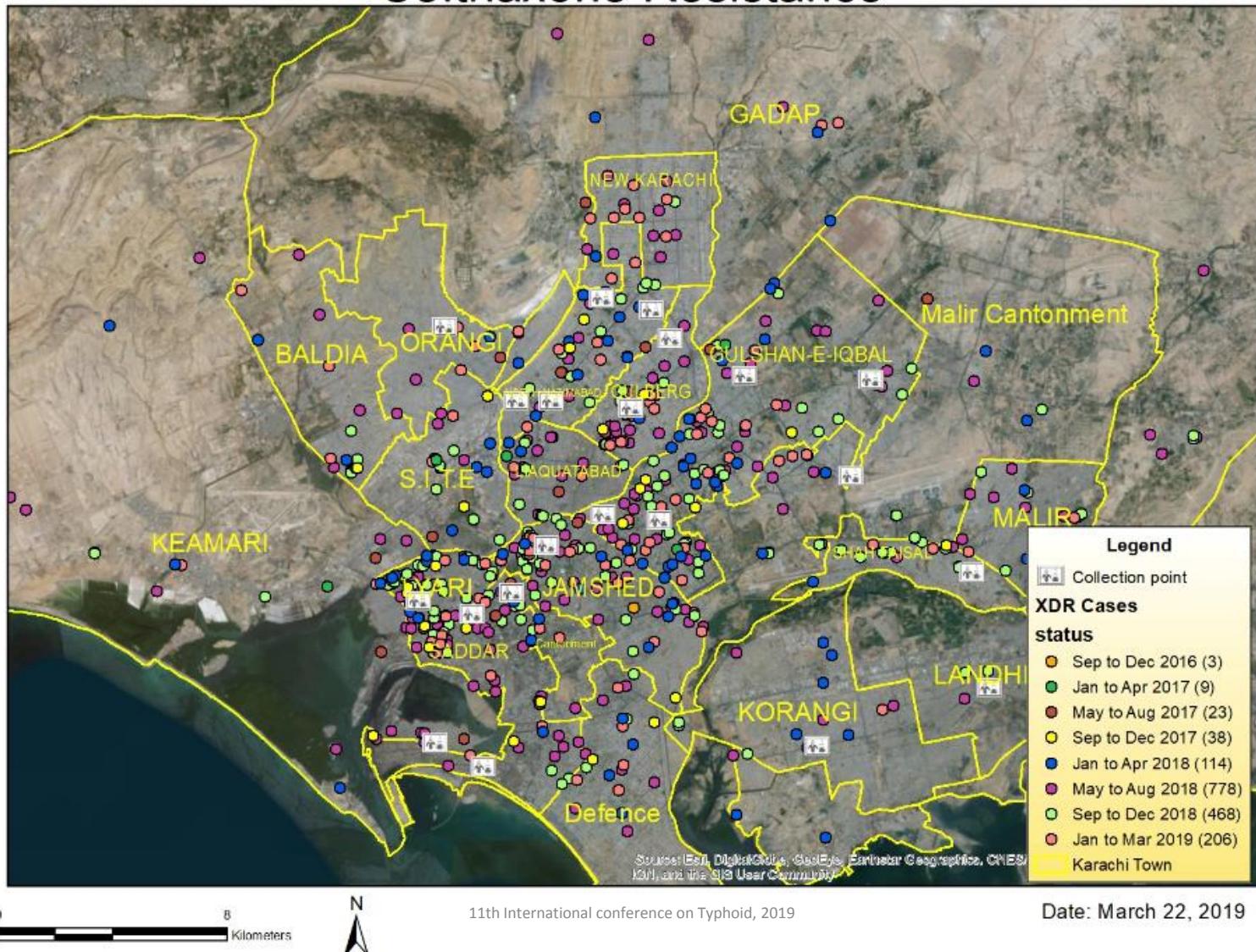
# Ceftriaxone Resistance

Overview



# Ceftriaxone Resistance

Overview



## **Study Limitation**

- The culture positive cases are only Aga Khan University Hospital main and satellite labs
- In process of getting culture positive XDR cases location information from other major labs in Karachi, Sindh and Pakistan.
- In liaison with government of Sindh

## **Next step I**

- **To generate Prediction models for spread of ceftriaxone-resistant *Salmonella enterica* serotype Typhi Outbreak in Pakistan using geospatial, genomic, environmental and sero-prevalence data**
  - Collect geospatial data through different techniques and examine changes in the spatial distribution of incidence over time
  - To conduct a sero prevalence study on a sub population
  - Utilize genomic and other epidemiological data to understand the mechanism of spread across major cities of Pakistan
  - To investigate the transmission dynamics of typhoid by collecting in-depth information about the water, sanitation and hygiene practices of the population at risk

# Acknowledgements

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Dr Shafqat Ahmed

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Denise Garrett (Sabin Vaccine Institute)

Jason Andrews (Stanford)

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