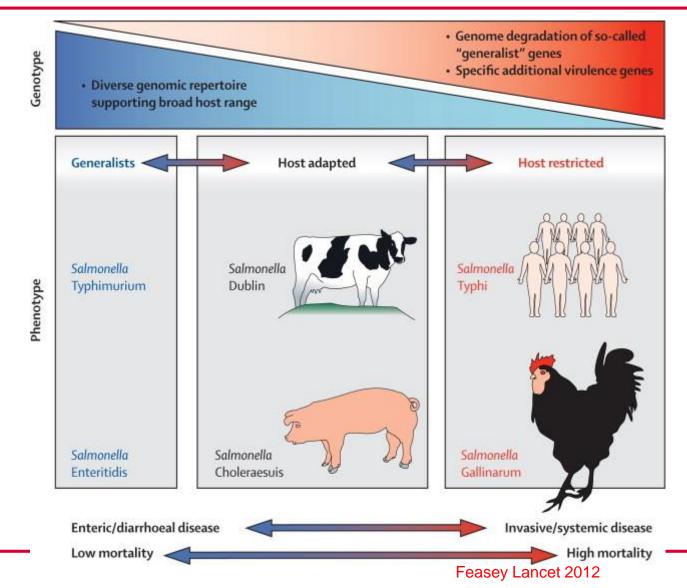


Strains of Salmonella associated with invasive disease

Nick Feasey

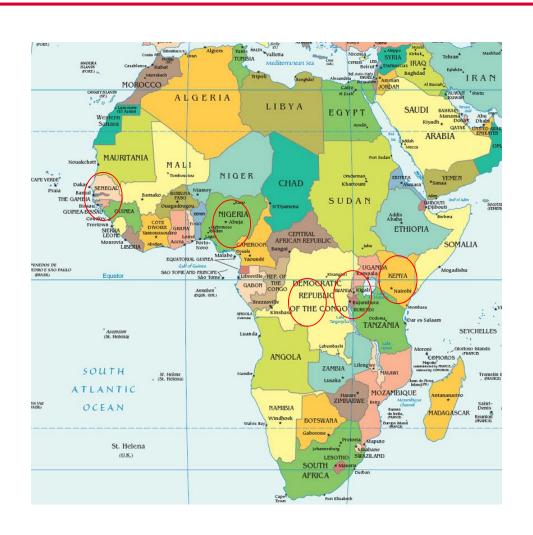


Enteric vs invasive lifestyles



Paediatric iNTS disease in Africa: pre/early HIV era





Nigeria, 1970s Alausa, Scand J Infect Dis

Kenya 1980s Wamola, E Afr Med J

Gambia 1980s Mabey, JID

DRC 1980s Green, Ann Trop Paeds

Rwanda, 1980s Le Page, Lancet

ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME IN BLACK AFRICANS

IR.—Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) has been cribed in homosexual or bisexual men, in drug addicts, in haemoliacs, and in Haitian immigrants. ¹ To our knowledge there is no ort of AIDS and opportunistic infections in previously healthy ck Africans with no history of homosexuality or drug abuse. ables I and II show the clinical and immunological data on five ck patients seen in Brussels and who were from Central Africa

BLE I—SEROLOGICAL MARKERS* AND OPPORTUNIS I INFECTIONS IN FIVE HETEROSEXUAL BLACK AFRICANS

	Virus antibody titres (inverse)					
			EBV			
ė	CMV	VCA	EA	IgM	Opportunist infections	
A, 33)	0	512	128	4	S. typhimurium septicaemia; disseminated C. neoformans	
. 36)	0	128	4	4	T. gonan orani auscess	
, 36) , 26)	16	64	4	4	Herpes simplex type 2; C. albicans oesophagitis	
7, 22)	8	ND	ND	ND	Herner Jumpiex type 2	
3, 22) 4, 39)	128	5120	512	0	o. typhimurium septicaemia; albicans stomatitis	

^{/ =} cytomegalovirus; EBV = Epstein-Barr virus (VCA viral capsid antigen, EA early en). All four patients tested (not patient D) had antibody to hepatitis B surface antigen.

re and Chad). Three of them had been living in Belgium, for veen 8 months and 3 years. All were of good socioeconomic is. They presented with prodromes of fever, weight loss, and eralised lymphadenopathy, and extensive investigations did not al any neoplasia. Patients A and E died; the three survivors are in

hese patients fulfilled all the criteria of AIDS. Two of them had re herpes simplex infections and to exclude the possible role of ses virus in their immune deficiency we did lymphocyte subset yses in a control group of eight patients with HSV-2 infections.

TABLE II-LYMPHOCYTE SUBSET ANALYSES

		· Subset analyses				
Case	Lymphocyte count (/µl)	OKT4+ (%)	OKT8+(%)	Ratio		
A	209	1	22	0.04		
В	1230	3	74	0.04		
C	1311	1	52	0.02		
D	396	0	26	(0.00)		
E	2365	0	57	(0.00)		
rmal*	1230-4500	2765	12-36	1-20-2-25		

ge in eleven healthy age matched Africans.

e had OKT4* deficiency and their OKT4*/OKT8* ratios between 0.99 and 2.52 (mean 1.80), so it is unlikely that 7-2 alone was responsible for the AIDS in the African patients. sponses to mitogen stimulation (phytohaemagglutnini, anavalin A, pokeweed) were well below normal in all cases. In the healthy Black Africans reactions to intradermal tuberculin, ida, and streptodornase were >5 mm: all five patients were skin aegative to these antigens.

is preliminary report suggests that Black Africans, immigrants ot, may be another group predisposed to AIDS.

ments of Internal Medicine, aunology, and Dermatology, d Universitaire Saint-Pierre, D Brussels, Belgium N. CLUMECK

F. MASCART-LEMONE

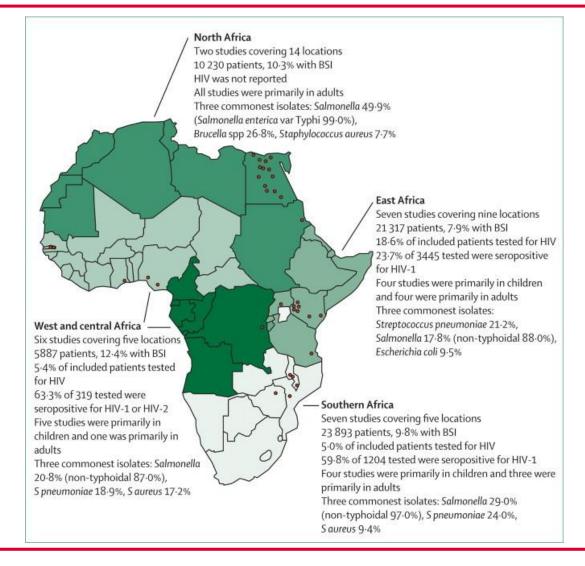
J. DE MAUBEUGE

D. BRENEZ

L. MARCELIS

iNTS disease AIDS defining & NTS among most common cause of bloodstream infection in SSA

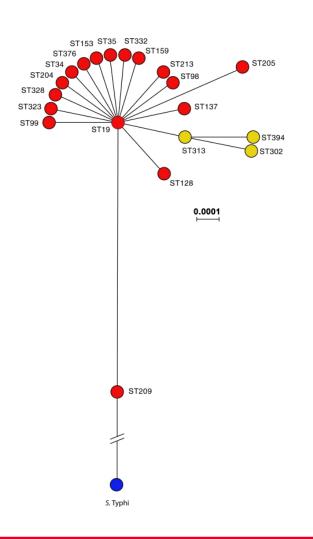






S. Typhimurium associated with iNTS disease in sub-Saharan Africa have novel MLST: ST313

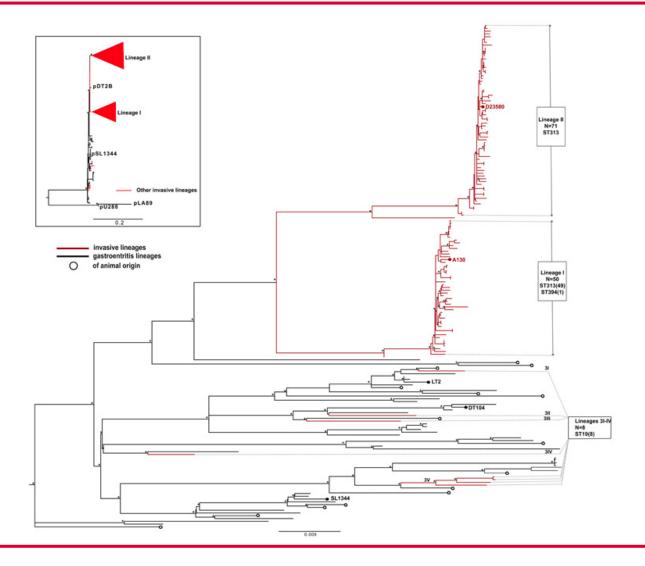




Genomic degradation

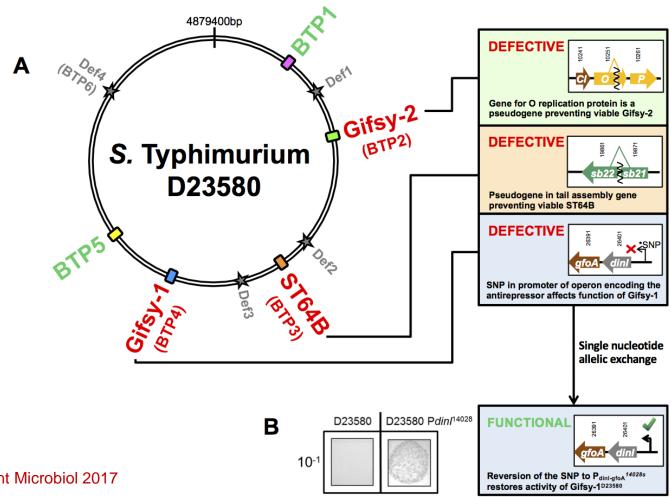
- Also seen in S. Typhi and other pathogens becoming host adapted
- Similar genes to S. Typhi
- Novel Prophage repertoire
- MDR cassette in virulence plasmid

Phylogeny of S. Typhimurium reveals isolates from SSA fall into two highly related lineages





Novel Prophages: Blantyre Type Prophage 1



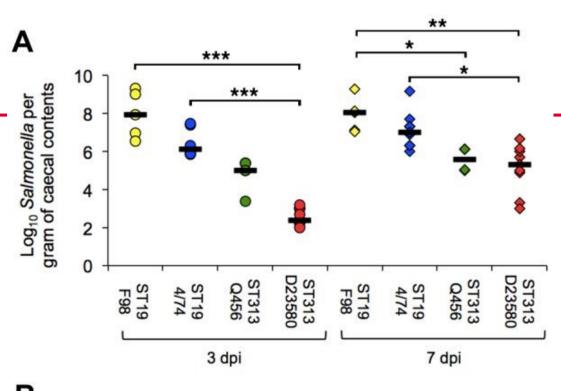




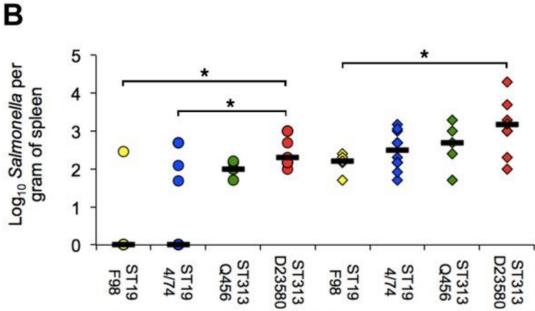
- ST313-td gene on BTP1 (Herrero-Freson 2014, Owen 2017)
- ST313 stimulate less inflammasome activation than ST19 (Carden 2015)
- ST313 with naturally attenuated flagellin elicits reduced inflammation, replicates in macrophages (Ramachandran 2015)
- Loss of multicellular behavior in ST313 (Singletary 2016)
- Pseudogenization of the Secreted Effector Gene ssel Confers
 Rapid Systemic Dissemination (Carden 2017)

African S.

Typhimurium is more invasive in chickens than global clades

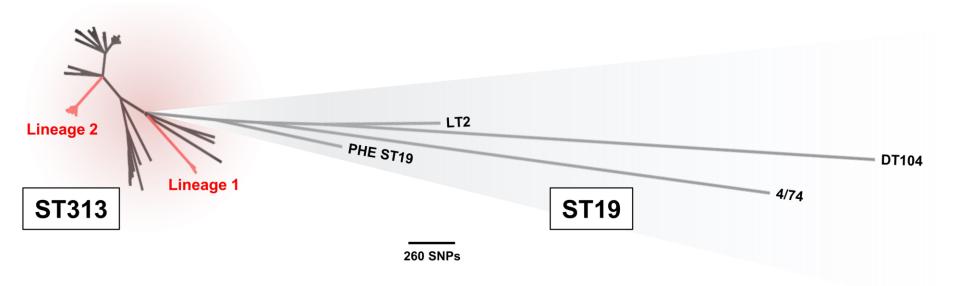




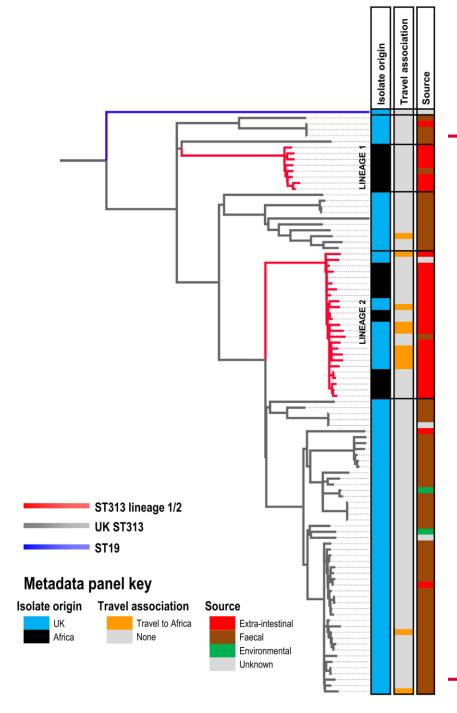


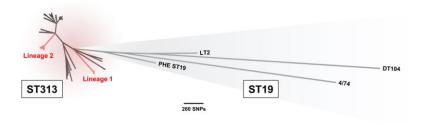


ST313 not restricted to SAA



79/2,888 UK S. Typhimurium in PHE collection are ST313





Lineage I & II isolates associated iNTS disease and travel to Africa

The remainder isolated from stool, prophage diversity, drug susceptible



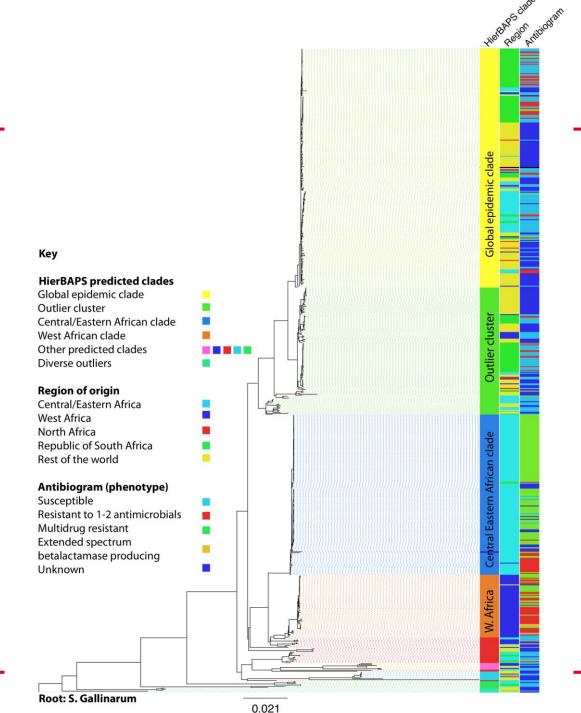
Satheesh Nair

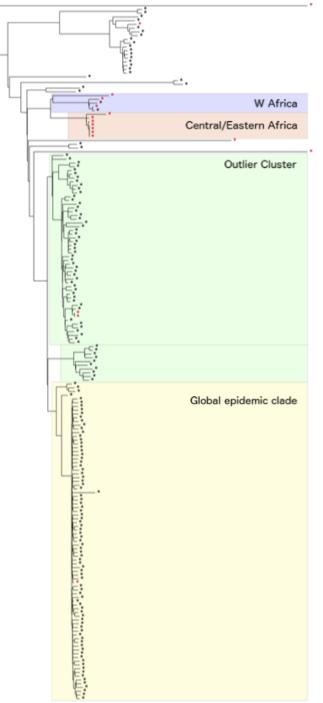


Public Health England

African clades of S. Enteritidis

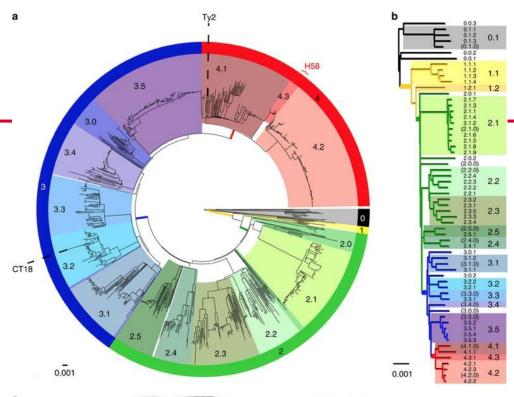
- Genomic degradation
- Novel Prophage repertoire
- MDR cassette in virulence plasmid
- Novel clades have highly conserved accessory genomes







Placed in context of PHE collection (~3,000 isolates), there is restriction to SSA

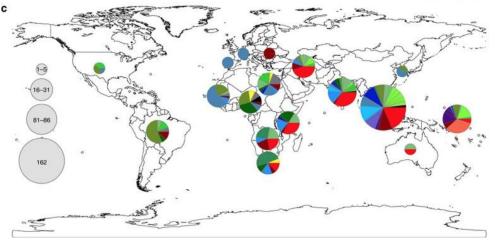


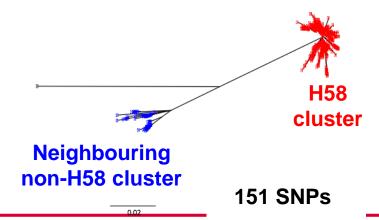


There's a novel clade of S. Typhi too!

Emergence of H58 lineage

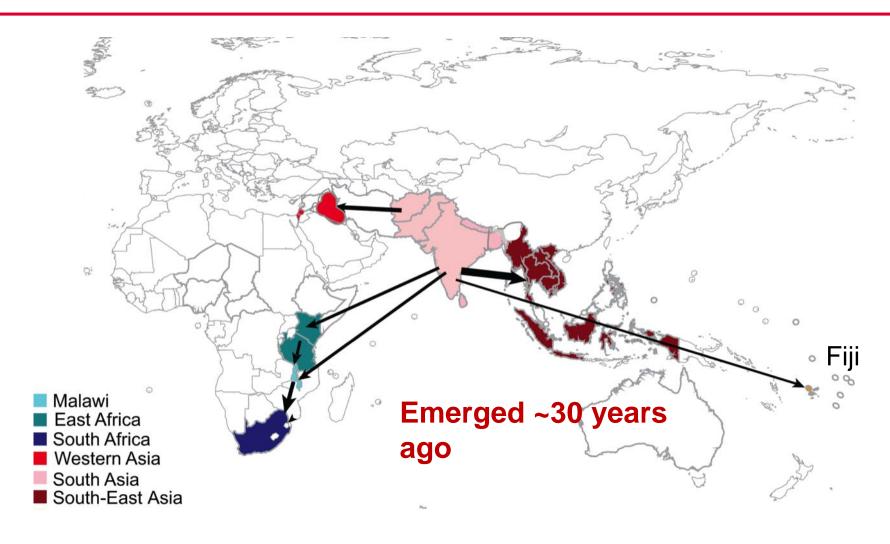
(Or subclade 4.3.1)





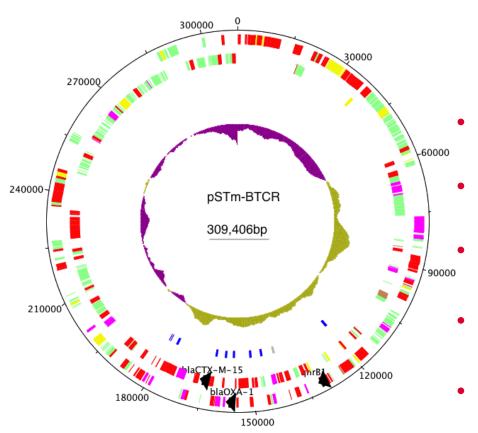
Global dissemination of S. Typhi H58





Extended spectrum beta-lactamase producing variants an emerging problem in invasive Salmonella disease





- bla_{CTX-M15} first reported in *S*. Typhimurium in Malawi
- Same plasmid subsequently reported in Kenya
- 57% in rural west Kenya
- **Emerging problem in S. Typhi**
- Has potential to make invasive Salmonella disease untreatable in many settings

Summary



- Novel clades of MDR S. Typhimurium and S. Enteritidis are exploiting the high prevalence of immunosuppressive conditions to cause epidemics of iNTS disease
 - More invasive?
 - Less invasive?
 - Niche adaptation to particular environmental reservoir?
- MDR H58 S. Typhi has established itself globally
- Drug resistance a major and evolving problem
- ESBL particularly frightening

10,000 Salmonella genome project:



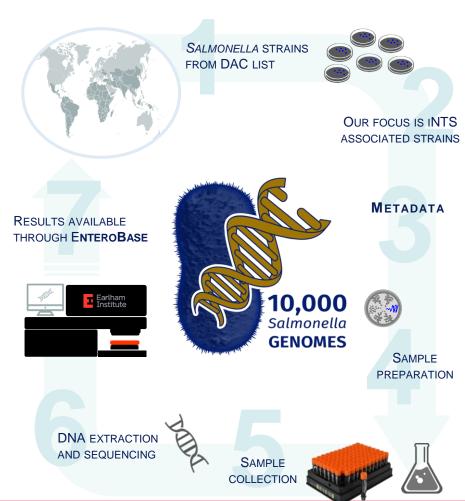
Aim: to understand the epidemiology, transmission & virulence of iNTS disease associated Salmonellae

HintonLab









Acknowledgements

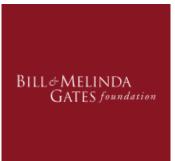






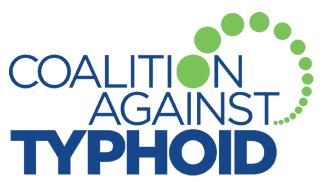








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